# Quotient Vector Spaces and Functionals<sup>1</sup>

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**Summary.** The article presents well known facts about quotient vector spaces and functionals (see [8]). There are repeated theorems and constructions with either weaker assumptions or in more general situations (see [11], [7], [10]). The construction of coefficient functionals and non-degenerate functional in quotient vector space generated by functional in the given vector space are the only new things which are done.

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The articles [15], [5], [21], [13], [3], [1], [20], [2], [17], [7], [22], [4], [6], [14], [19], [12], [18], [16], and [9] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

## 1. Auxiliary Facts about Double Loops and Vector Spaces

The following proposition is true

(1) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable left distributive left unital non empty double loop structure and a be an element of the carrier of K. Then  $(-\mathbf{1}_K) \cdot a = -a$ .

Let K be a double loop structure. The functor StructVectSp(K) yields a strict vector space structure over K and is defined as follows:

(Def. 1) StructVectSp(K) =  $\langle$  the carrier of K, the addition of K, the zero of K, the multiplication of K $\rangle$ .

Let K be a non empty double loop structure. Note that StructVectSp(K) is non empty.

Let K be an Abelian non empty double loop structure. One can verify that  $\mathrm{StructVectSp}(K)$  is Abelian.

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Let K be an add-associative non empty double loop structure. Note that StructVectSp(K) is add-associative.

Let K be a right zeroed non empty double loop structure.

Note that StructVectSp(K) is right zeroed.

Let K be a right complementable non empty double loop structure. Observe that StructVectSp(K) is right complementable.

Let K be an associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure. One can check that StructVectSp(K) is vector space-like.

Let K be a non degenerated non empty double loop structure. Note that StructVectSp(K) is non trivial.

Let K be a non degenerated non empty double loop structure. Note that there exists a non empty vector space structure over K which is non trivial.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable non empty double loop structure. Observe that there exists a non empty vector space structure over K which is add-associative, right zeroed, right complementable, and strict.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure. One can check that there exists a non empty vector space structure over K which is add-associative, right zeroed, right complementable, vector space-like, and strict.

Let K be an Abelian add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative left unital distributive non degenerated non empty double loop structure. One can verify that there exists a non empty vector space structure over K which is Abelian, add-associative, right zeroed, right complementable, vector space-like, strict, and non trivial.

Next we state a number of propositions:

- (2) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, a be an element of the carrier of K, V be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable vector space-like non empty vector space structure over K, and v be a vector of V. Then  $0_K \cdot v = 0_V$  and  $a \cdot 0_V = 0_V$ .
- (3) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, S, T be subspaces of V, and v be a vector of V. If  $S \cap T = \mathbf{0}_V$  and  $v \in S$  and  $v \in T$ , then  $v = 0_V$ .
- (4) Let K be a field, V be a vector space over K, x be a set, and v be a vector of V. Then  $x \in \text{Lin}(\{v\})$  if and only if there exists an element a of the carrier of K such that  $x = a \cdot v$ .
- (5) Let K be a field, V be a vector space over K, v be a vector of V, and a, b be scalars of V. If  $v \neq 0_V$  and  $a \cdot v = b \cdot v$ , then a = b.
- (6) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associa-

- tive Abelian left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, and  $W_1$ ,  $W_2$  be subspaces of V. Suppose V is the direct sum of  $W_1$  and  $W_2$ . Let v,  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$  be vectors of V. If  $v_1 \in W_1$  and  $v_2 \in W_2$  and  $v = v_1 + v_2$ , then  $v_{\langle W_1, W_2 \rangle} = \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle$ .
- (7) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative Abelian left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, and  $W_1$ ,  $W_2$  be subspaces of V. Suppose V is the direct sum of  $W_1$  and  $W_2$ . Let v,  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$  be vectors of V. If  $v_{\langle W_1, W_2 \rangle} = \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle$ , then  $v = v_1 + v_2$ .
- (8) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative Abelian left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, and  $W_1$ ,  $W_2$  be subspaces of V. Suppose V is the direct sum of  $W_1$  and  $W_2$ . Let v,  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$  be vectors of V. If  $v_{\langle W_1, W_2 \rangle} = \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle$ , then  $v_1 \in W_1$  and  $v_2 \in W_2$ .
- (9) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative Abelian left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, and  $W_1$ ,  $W_2$  be subspaces of V. Suppose V is the direct sum of  $W_1$  and  $W_2$ . Let v,  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$  be vectors of V. If  $v_{\langle W_1, W_2 \rangle} = \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle$ , then  $v_{\langle W_2, W_1 \rangle} = \langle v_2, v_1 \rangle$ .
- (10) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative Abelian left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, and  $W_1$ ,  $W_2$  be subspaces of V. Suppose V is the direct sum of  $W_1$  and  $W_2$ . Let v be a vector of V. If  $v \in W_1$ , then  $v_{\langle W_1, W_2 \rangle} = \langle v, 0_V \rangle$ .
- (11) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative Abelian left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, and  $W_1$ ,  $W_2$  be subspaces of V. Suppose V is the direct sum of  $W_1$  and  $W_2$ . Let v be a vector of V. If  $v \in W_2$ , then  $v_{\langle W_1, W_2 \rangle} = \langle 0_V, v \rangle$ .
- (12) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative Abelian left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K,  $V_1$  be a subspace of V,  $W_1$  be a subspace of  $V_1$ , and V be a vector of V. If  $V \in W_1$ , then V is a vector of  $V_1$ .
- (13) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative Abelian left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K,  $V_1$ ,  $V_2$ , W be subspaces of V, and  $W_1$ ,  $W_2$  be subspaces of W. If  $W_1 = V_1$  and  $W_2 = V_2$ , then  $W_1 + W_2 = V_1 + V_2$ .
- (14) Let K be a field, V be a vector space over K, W be a subspace of V, v be a vector of V, and w be a vector of W. If v = w, then  $\text{Lin}(\{w\}) = \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ .

- (15) Let K be a field, V be a vector space over K, v be a vector of V, and X be a subspace of V. Suppose  $v \notin X$ . Let y be a vector of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$  and W be a subspace of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . If v = y and W = X, then  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$  is the direct sum of W and  $\text{Lin}(\{y\})$ .
- (16) Let K be a field, V be a vector space over K, v be a vector of V, X be a subspace of V, y be a vector of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ , and W be a subspace of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . If v = y and X = W and  $v \notin X$ , then  $y_{\{W, \text{Lin}(\{y\})\}} = \langle 0_W, y \rangle$ .
- (17) Let K be a field, V be a vector space over K, v be a vector of V, X be a subspace of V, y be a vector of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ , and W be a subspace of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . Suppose v = y and X = W and  $v \notin X$ . Let w be a vector of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . If  $w \in X$ , then  $w_{\langle W, \text{Lin}(\{y\}) \rangle} = \langle w, 0_V \rangle$ .
- (18) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative Abelian left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, v be a vector of V, and  $W_1$ ,  $W_2$  be subspaces of V. Then there exist vectors  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$  of V such that  $v_{\langle W_1, W_2 \rangle} = \langle v_1, v_2 \rangle$ .
- (19) Let K be a field, V be a vector space over K, v be a vector of V, X be a subspace of V, y be a vector of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ , and W be a subspace of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . Suppose v = y and X = W and  $v \notin X$ . Let w be a vector of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . Then there exists a vector x of X and there exists an element r of the carrier of K such that  $w_{\langle W, \text{Lin}(\{y\}) \rangle} = \langle x, r \cdot v \rangle$ .
- (20) Let K be a field, V be a vector space over K, v be a vector of V, X be a subspace of V, Y be a vector of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ , and W be a subspace of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . Suppose v = y and X = W and  $v \notin X$ . Let  $w_1, w_2$  be vectors of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ ,  $x_1, x_2$  be vectors of X, and  $r_1, r_2$  be elements of the carrier of K. If  $(w_1)_{\langle W, \text{Lin}(\{y\}) \rangle} = \langle x_1, r_1 \cdot v \rangle$  and  $(w_2)_{\langle W, \text{Lin}(\{y\}) \rangle} = \langle x_2, r_2 \cdot v \rangle$ , then  $(w_1 + w_2)_{\langle W, \text{Lin}(\{y\}) \rangle} = \langle x_1 + x_2, (r_1 + r_2) \cdot v \rangle$ .
- (21) Let K be a field, V be a vector space over K, v be a vector of V, X be a subspace of V, y be a vector of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ , and W be a subspace of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . Suppose v = y and X = W and  $v \notin X$ . Let w be a vector of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ , x be a vector of X, and t, r be elements of the carrier of K. If  $w_{\langle W, \text{Lin}(\{y\}) \rangle} = \langle x, r \cdot v \rangle$ , then  $(t \cdot w)_{\langle W, \text{Lin}(\{y\}) \rangle} = \langle t \cdot x, t \cdot r \cdot v \rangle$ .

#### 2. Quotient Vector Space for Non-Commutative Double Loop

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, let V be a vector space over K, and let W be a subspace of V. The functor  $\operatorname{CosetSet}(V,W)$  yielding a non empty family of subsets of the carrier of V is defined as follows:

(Def. 2)  $\operatorname{CosetSet}(V, W) = \{A : A \text{ ranges over cosets of } W\}.$ 

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, let V be a vector space over K, and let W be a subspace of V. The functor addCoset(V, W) yields a binary operation on CosetSet(V, W) and is defined by:

(Def. 3) For all elements A, B of CosetSet(V, W) and for all vectors a, b of V such that A = a + W and B = b + W holds (addCoset(V, W))(A, B) = a + b + W.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, let V be a vector space over K, and let W be a subspace of V. The functor zeroCoset(V, W) yielding an element of CosetSet(V, W) is defined as follows:

(Def. 4) zeroCoset(V, W) = the carrier of W.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, let V be a vector space over K, and let W be a subspace of V. The functor lmultCoset(V, W) yields a function from [the carrier of K, CosetSet(V, W) into CosetSet(V, W) and is defined by the condition (Def. 5).

(Def. 5) Let z be an element of the carrier of K, A be an element of CosetSet(V, W), and a be a vector of V. If A = a + W, then  $(\text{lmultCoset}(V, W))(z, A) = z \cdot a + W$ .

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, let V be a vector space over K, and let W be a subspace of V. The functor V/W yielding a strict Abelian add-associative right zeroed right complementable vector space-like non empty vector space structure over K is defined by the conditions (Def. 6).

- (Def. 6)(i) The carrier of V/W = CosetSet(V, W),
  - (ii) the addition of V/W = addCoset(V, W),
  - (iii) the zero of V/W = zeroCoset(V, W), and
  - (iv) the left multiplication of V/W = lmultCoset(V, W).

The following propositions are true:

- (22) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, and W be a subspace of V. Then zeroCoset(V, W) =  $0_V + W$  and  $0_{V/W} = \text{zeroCoset}(V, W)$ .
- (23) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, W be a subspace of V, and w be a vector of V/W. Then w is a coset of W and there exists a vector v of V such that w = v + W.

- (24) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, W be a subspace of V, and v be a vector of V. Then v + W is a coset of W and v + W is a vector of V/W.
- (25) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, and W be a subspace of V. Then every coset of W is a vector of V/W.
- (26) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, W be a subspace of V, A be a vector of V/W, v be a vector of V, and v be a scalar of V. If v if v
- (27) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, W be a subspace of V,  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$  be vectors of V/W, and  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$  be vectors of V. If  $A_1 = v_1 + W$  and  $A_2 = v_2 + W$ , then  $A_1 + A_2 = v_1 + v_2 + W$ .

#### 3. Auxiliary Facts about Functionals

Next we state the proposition

(28) Let K be a field, V be a vector space over K, X be a subspace of V,  $f_1$  be a linear functional in X, v be a vector of V, and y be a vector of  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . Suppose v = y and  $v \notin X$ . Let r be an element of the carrier of K. Then there exists a linear functional  $p_1$  in  $X + \text{Lin}(\{v\})$  such that  $p_1 \upharpoonright \text{the carrier of } X = f_1$  and  $p_1(y) = r$ .

Let K be a right zeroed non empty loop structure and let V be a non empty vector space structure over K. One can verify that there exists a functional in V which is additive and 0-preserving.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable non empty double loop structure and let V be a right zeroed non empty vector space structure over K. Observe that every functional in V which is additive is also 0-preserving.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure and let V be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable vector space-like non empty vector space structure over K. One can verify that every functional in V which is homogeneous is also 0-preserving.

Let K be a non empty zero structure and let V be a non empty vector space structure over K. One can check that 0Functional V is constant.

Let K be a non empty zero structure and let V be a non empty vector space structure over K. Note that there exists a functional in V which is constant.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable non empty double loop structure, let V be a right zeroed non empty vector space structure over K, and let f be a 0-preserving functional in V. Let us observe that f is constant if and only if:

### (Def. 7) f = 0Functional V.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable non empty double loop structure and let V be a right zeroed non empty vector space structure over K. Note that there exists a functional in V which is constant, additive, and 0-preserving.

Let K be a non empty 1-sorted structure and let V be a non empty vector space structure over K. One can check that every functional in V which is non constant is also non trivial.

Let K be a field and let V be a non trivial vector space over K. Observe that there exists a functional in V which is additive, homogeneous, non constant, and non trivial.

Let K be a field and let V be a non trivial vector space over K. One can check that every functional in V which is trivial is also constant.

Let K be a field, let V be a non trivial vector space over K, let v be a vector of V, and let W be a linear complement of  $\text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . Let us assume that  $v \neq 0_V$ . The functor coeffFunctional(v, W) yielding a non constant non trivial linear functional in V is defined as follows:

(Def. 8) (coeffFunctional(v, W)) $(v) = \mathbf{1}_K$  and coeffFunctional(v, W) the carrier of W = 0Functional W.

We now state several propositions:

- (29) Let K be a field, V be a non trivial vector space over K, and f be a non constant 0-preserving functional in V. Then there exists a vector v of V such that  $v \neq 0_V$  and  $f(v) \neq 0_K$ .
- (30) Let K be a field, V be a non trivial vector space over K, v be a vector of V, a be a scalar of V, and W be a linear complement of  $\text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . If  $v \neq 0_V$ , then  $(\text{coeffFunctional}(v, W))(a \cdot v) = a$ .
- (31) Let K be a field, V be a non trivial vector space over K, v, w be vectors of V, and W be a linear complement of  $\text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . If  $v \neq 0_V$  and  $w \in W$ , then  $(\text{coeffFunctional}(v, W))(w) = 0_K$ .
- (32) Let K be a field, V be a non trivial vector space over K, v, w be vectors of V, a be a scalar of V, and W be a linear complement of  $\text{Lin}(\{v\})$ . If  $v \neq 0_V$  and  $w \in W$ , then  $(\text{coeffFunctional}(v, W))(a \cdot v + w) = a$ .
- (33) Let K be a non empty loop structure, V be a non empty vector space structure over K, f, g be functionals in V, and v be a vector of V. Then

$$(f-g)(v) = f(v) - g(v).$$

Let K be a field and let V be a non trivial vector space over K. Note that  $\overline{V}$  is non trivial.

4. Kernel of Additive Functional. Linear Functionals in Quotient Vector Spaces

Let K be a non empty zero structure, let V be a non empty vector space structure over K, and let f be a functional in V. The functor ker f yields a subset of the carrier of V and is defined by:

(Def. 9)  $\ker f = \{v; v \text{ ranges over vectors of } V: f(v) = 0_K\}.$ 

Let K be a right zeroed non empty loop structure, let V be a non empty vector space structure over K, and let f be a 0-preserving functional in V. One can check that ker f is non empty.

One can prove the following proposition

(34) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable vector space-like non empty vector space structure over K, and f be a linear functional in V. Then ker f is linearly closed.

Let K be a non empty zero structure, let V be a non empty vector space structure over K, and let f be a functional in V. We say that f is degenerated if and only if:

(Def. 10)  $\ker f \neq \{0_V\}.$ 

Let K be a non degenerated non empty double loop structure and let V be a non trivial non empty vector space structure over K. One can check that every functional in V which is non degenerated and 0-preserving is also non constant.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, let V be a vector space over K, and let f be a linear functional in V. The functor  $\ker f$  yields a strict non empty subspace of V and is defined as follows:

(Def. 11) The carrier of Ker  $f = \ker f$ .

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, let V be a vector space over K, let W be a subspace of V, and let f be an additive functional in V. Let us assume that the carrier of  $W \subseteq \ker f$ . The functor f/W yielding an additive functional in V/W is defined by:

(Def. 12) For every vector A of V/W and for every vector v of V such that A = v + W holds (f/W)(A) = f(v).

One can prove the following proposition

(35) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, W be a subspace of V, and f be a linear functional in V. If the carrier of  $W \subseteq \ker f$ , then f/W is homogeneous.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, let V be a vector space over K, and let f be a linear functional in V. The functor CQFunctional f yielding a linear functional in V/K is defined as follows:

(Def. 13) CQFunctional  $f = f/_{\text{Ker } f}$ .

One can prove the following proposition

(36) Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, V be a vector space over K, f be a linear functional in V, A be a vector of  $V/_{\text{Ker }f}$ , and v be a vector of V. If A = v + Ker f, then CQFunctional f(A) = f(v).

Let K be a field, let V be a non trivial vector space over K, and let f be a non constant linear functional in V. Observe that CQFunctional f is non constant.

Let K be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian associative left unital distributive non empty double loop structure, let V be a vector space over K, and let f be a linear functional in V. One can verify that CQFunctional f is non degenerated.

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