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Propositional Calculus for Boolean Valued Functions. Part II

Shunichi Kobayashi
Shinshu University
Nagano

Yatsuka Nakamura
Shinshu University
Nagano

Summary. In this paper, we have proved some elementary propositional calculus formulae for Boolean valued functions.

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The articles [3], [2], [5], [4], and [1] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

In this paper Y is a non empty set.

The following propositions are true:

(1) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow a \wedge b = true(Y)$.

(2) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow a \Rightarrow a \Leftrightarrow b = true(Y)$.

(3) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \vee b \Leftrightarrow b \vee a = true(Y)$.

(4) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \wedge b \Rightarrow c \Rightarrow a \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow c = true(Y)$.

(5) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow c \Rightarrow a \wedge b \Rightarrow c = true(Y)$.

(6) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $c \Rightarrow a \Rightarrow c \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow c \Rightarrow a \wedge b = true(Y)$.

(7) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \vee b \Rightarrow c \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow c) \vee (b \Rightarrow c) = true(Y)$.

(8) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \Rightarrow c \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow c \Rightarrow a \vee b \Rightarrow c = true(Y)$.

(9) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $(a \Rightarrow c) \wedge (b \Rightarrow c) \Rightarrow a \vee b \Rightarrow c = true(Y)$.

(10) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \Rightarrow b \wedge \neg b \Rightarrow \neg a = true(Y)$.

(11) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $(a \vee b) \wedge (a \vee c) \Rightarrow a \vee b \wedge c = true(Y)$.

(12) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \wedge (b \vee c) \Rightarrow a \wedge b \vee a \wedge c = true(Y)$.

(13) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $(a \vee c) \wedge (b \vee c) \Rightarrow a \wedge b \vee c = true(Y)$.

(14) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $(a \vee b) \wedge c \Rightarrow a \wedge c \vee b \wedge c = true(Y)$.

(15) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ such that $a \wedge b = true(Y)$ holds $a \vee b = true(Y)$.

(16) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ such that $a \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$ holds $a \vee c \Rightarrow b \vee c = true(Y)$.

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(17) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ such that $a \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$ holds $a \wedge c \Rightarrow b \wedge c = true(Y)$.

(18) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ such that $c \Rightarrow a = true(Y)$ and $c \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$ holds $c \Rightarrow a \wedge b = true(Y)$.

(19) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ such that $a \Rightarrow c = true(Y)$ and $b \Rightarrow c = true(Y)$ holds $a \vee b \Rightarrow c = true(Y)$.

(20) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ such that $a \vee b = true(Y)$ and $\neg a = true(Y)$ holds $b = true(Y)$.

(21) For all elements a, b, c, d of $Boolean^Y$ such that $a \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$ and $c \Rightarrow d = true(Y)$ holds $a \wedge c \Rightarrow b \wedge d = true(Y)$.

(22) For all elements a, b, c, d of $Boolean^Y$ such that $a \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$ and $c \Rightarrow d = true(Y)$ holds $a \vee c \Rightarrow b \vee d = true(Y)$.

(23) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ such that $a \wedge \neg b \Rightarrow \neg a = true(Y)$ holds $a \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$.

(25)[1] For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ such that $a \Rightarrow \neg b = true(Y)$ holds $b \Rightarrow \neg a = true(Y)$.

(26) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ such that $\neg a \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$ holds $\neg b \Rightarrow a = true(Y)$.

(27) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \Rightarrow a \vee b = true(Y)$.

(28) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \vee b \Rightarrow \neg a \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$.

(29) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $\neg(a \vee b) \Rightarrow \neg a \wedge \neg b = true(Y)$.

(30) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $\neg a \wedge \neg b \Rightarrow \neg(a \vee b) = true(Y)$.

(31) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $\neg(a \vee b) \Rightarrow \neg a = true(Y)$.

(32) For every element a of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \vee a \Rightarrow a = true(Y)$.

(33) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \wedge \neg a \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$.

(34) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow \neg a \vee b = true(Y)$.

(35) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \wedge b \Rightarrow \neg(a \Rightarrow \neg b) = true(Y)$.

(36) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $\neg(a \Rightarrow \neg b) \Rightarrow a \wedge b = true(Y)$.

(37) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $\neg(a \wedge b) \Rightarrow \neg a \vee \neg b = true(Y)$.

(38) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $\neg a \vee \neg b \Rightarrow \neg(a \wedge b) = true(Y)$.

(39) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \wedge b \Rightarrow a = true(Y)$.

(40) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \wedge b \Rightarrow a \vee b = true(Y)$.

(41) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \wedge b \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$.

(42) For every element a of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \Rightarrow a \wedge a = true(Y)$.

(43) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \Leftrightarrow b \Rightarrow a \Rightarrow b = true(Y)$.

(44) For all elements a, b of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \Leftrightarrow b \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow a = true(Y)$.

(45) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \vee b \vee c \Rightarrow a \vee (b \vee c) = true(Y)$.

(46) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \wedge b \wedge c \Rightarrow a \wedge (b \wedge c) = true(Y)$.

(47) For all elements a, b, c of $Boolean^Y$ holds $a \vee (b \vee c) \Rightarrow a \vee b \vee c = true(Y)$.

[1] The proposition (24) has been removed.

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