# Complex Numbers - Basic Definitions 

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#### Abstract

MML Identifier: XCMP LX_0. WWW: http://mizar.org/JFM/EMM/xcmplx_0.html


The articles [8], [10], [5], [3], [4], [6], [1], [2], [9], and [7] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

The functor $i$ is defined by:
(Def. 1) $\quad i=[0 \longmapsto 0,1 \longmapsto 1]$.
Let $c$ be a number. We say that $c$ is complex if and only if:
(Def. 2) $\quad c \in \mathbb{C}$.
Let us note that $i$ is complex.
Let us mention that there exists a number which is complex.
Let $x$ be a complex number. Let us observe that $x$ is empty if and only if:
(Def. 3) $x=0$.
We introduce $x$ is zero as a synonym of $x$ is empty.
Let $x, y$ be complex numbers. The functor $x+y$ is defined as follows:
(Def. 4) There exist elements $x_{1}, x_{2}, y_{1}, y_{2}$ of $\mathbb{R}$ such that $x=x_{1}+x_{2} i$ and $y=y_{1}+y_{2} i$ and $x+y=$ $+\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)++\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right) i$.

Let us note that the functor $x+y$ is commutative. The functor $x \cdot y$ is defined by:
(Def. 5) There exist elements $x_{1}, x_{2}, y_{1}, y_{2}$ of $\mathbb{R}$ such that $x=x_{1}+x_{2} i$ and $y=y_{1}+y_{2} i$ and $x \cdot y=$ $+\left(\cdot\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right),{ }^{\mathrm{op}} \cdot\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)\right)++\left(\cdot\left(x_{1}, y_{2}\right), \cdot\left(x_{2}, y_{1}\right)\right) i$.

Let us observe that the functor $x \cdot y$ is commutative.
Let $z, z^{\prime}$ be complex numbers. Observe that $z+z^{\prime}$ is complex and $z \cdot z^{\prime}$ is complex.
Let $z$ be a complex number. The functor $-z$ yields a complex number and is defined as follows:
(Def. 6) $z+-z=0$.
Let us notice that the functor $-z$ is involutive. The functor $z^{-1}$ yielding a complex number is defined by:
(Def. 7)(i) $z \cdot z^{-1}=1$ if $z \neq 0$,
(ii) $z^{-1}=0$, otherwise.

Let us observe that the functor $z^{-1}$ is involutive.
Let $x, y$ be complex numbers. The functor $x-y$ is defined by:
(Def. 8) $x-y=x+-y$.
The functor $\frac{x}{y}$ is defined by:
(Def. 9) $\quad \frac{x}{y}=x \cdot y^{-1}$.
Let $x, y$ be complex numbers. Note that $x-y$ is complex and $\frac{x}{y}$ is complex.
One can verify that there exists a complex number which is non zero.
Let $x$ be a non zero complex number. One can verify that $-x$ is non zero and $x^{-1}$ is non zero. Let $y$ be a non zero complex number. One can verify that $x \cdot y$ is non zero.

Let $x, y$ be non zero complex numbers. Observe that $\frac{x}{y}$ is non zero.
Let us observe that every element of $\mathbb{R}$ is complex.
Let us observe that every number which is natural is also complex.

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Received March 7, 2003
Published January 2, 2004

