

Maximal Anti-Discrete Subspaces of Topological Spaces

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Summary. Let X be a topological space and let A be a subset of X . A is said to be *anti-discrete* provided for every open subset G of X either $A \cap G = \emptyset$ or $A \subseteq G$; equivalently, for every closed subset F of X either $A \cap F = \emptyset$ or $A \subseteq F$. An anti-discrete subset M of X is said to be *maximal anti-discrete* provided for every anti-discrete subset A of X if $M \subseteq A$ then $M = A$. A subspace of X is *maximal anti-discrete* iff its carrier is maximal anti-discrete in X . The purpose is to list a few properties of maximal anti-discrete sets and subspaces in Mizar formalism.

It is shown that every $x \in X$ is contained in a unique maximal anti-discrete subset $M(x)$ of X , denoted in the text by $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$. Such subset can be defined by

$$M(x) = \bigcap \{S \subseteq X : x \in S, \text{ and } S \text{ is open or closed in } X\}.$$

It has the following remarkable properties: (1) $y \in M(x)$ iff $M(y) = M(x)$, (2) either $M(x) \cap M(y) = \emptyset$ or $M(x) = M(y)$, (3) $M(x) = M(y)$ iff $\overline{\{x\}} = \overline{\{y\}}$, and (4) $M(x) \cap M(y) = \emptyset$ iff $\overline{\{x\}} \neq \overline{\{y\}}$. It follows from these properties that $\{M(x) : x \in X\}$ is the T_0 -partition of X defined by M.H. Stone in [8].

Moreover, it is shown that the operation M defined on all subsets of X by

$$M(A) = \bigcup \{M(x) : x \in A\},$$

denoted in the text by $\text{MaxADSet}(A)$, satisfies the Kuratowski closure axioms (see e.g., [5]), i.e., (1) $M(A \cup B) = M(A) \cup M(B)$, (2) $M(A) = M(M(A))$, (3) $A \subseteq M(A)$, and (4) $M(\emptyset) = \emptyset$. Note that this operation commutes with the usual closure operation of X , and if A is an open (or a closed) subset of X , then $M(A) = A$.

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The articles [9], [1], [11], [6], [7], [12], [10], [3], [2], and [4] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

1. PROPERTIES OF THE CLOSURE AND THE INTERIOR OPERATIONS

Let X be a non empty topological space and let A be a non empty subset of X . Observe that \overline{A} is non empty.

Let X be a non empty topological space and let A be an empty subset of X . Note that \overline{A} is empty.

Let X be a non empty topological space and let A be a non proper subset of X . Observe that \overline{A} is non proper.

Let X be a non trivial non empty topological space and let A be a non trivial non empty subset of X . Note that \overline{A} is non trivial.

In the sequel X denotes a non empty topological space.

One can prove the following propositions:

- (1) For every subset A of X holds $\overline{A} = \bigcap \{F; F \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: F \text{ is closed} \wedge A \subseteq F\}$.
- (2) For every point x of X holds $\overline{\{x\}} = \bigcap \{F; F \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: F \text{ is closed} \wedge x \in F\}$.
- (3) For all subsets A, B of X such that $B \subseteq \overline{A}$ holds $\overline{B} \subseteq \overline{A}$.

Let X be a non empty topological space and let A be a non proper subset of X . Note that $\text{Int}A$ is non proper.

Let X be a non empty topological space and let A be a proper subset of X . Observe that $\text{Int}A$ is proper.

Let X be a non empty topological space and let A be an empty subset of X . One can check that $\text{Int}A$ is empty.

The following two propositions are true:

- (4) For every subset A of X holds $\text{Int}A = \bigcup \{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: G \text{ is open} \wedge G \subseteq A\}$.
- (5) For all subsets A, B of X such that $\text{Int}A \subseteq B$ holds $\text{Int}A \subseteq \text{Int}B$.

2. ANTI-DISCRETE SUBSETS OF TOPOLOGICAL STRUCTURES

Let Y be a topological structure and let I_1 be a subset of Y . We say that I_1 is anti-discrete if and only if:

- (Def. 1) For every point x of Y and for every subset G of Y such that G is open and $x \in G$ holds if $x \in I_1$, then $I_1 \subseteq G$.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a subset of Y . Let us observe that A is anti-discrete if and only if:

- (Def. 2) For every point x of Y and for every subset F of Y such that F is closed and $x \in F$ holds if $x \in A$, then $A \subseteq F$.

Let Y be a topological structure and let A be a subset of Y . Let us observe that A is anti-discrete if and only if:

- (Def. 3) For every subset G of Y such that G is open holds A misses G or $A \subseteq G$.

Let Y be a topological structure and let A be a subset of Y . Let us observe that A is anti-discrete if and only if:

- (Def. 4) For every subset F of Y such that F is closed holds A misses F or $A \subseteq F$.

The following proposition is true

- (6) Let Y_0, Y_1 be topological structures, D_0 be a subset of Y_0 , and D_1 be a subset of Y_1 . Suppose the topological structure of $Y_0 =$ the topological structure of Y_1 and $D_0 = D_1$. If D_0 is anti-discrete, then D_1 is anti-discrete.

In the sequel Y denotes a non empty topological structure.

We now state three propositions:

- (7) For all subsets A, B of Y such that $B \subseteq A$ holds if A is anti-discrete, then B is anti-discrete.
- (8) For every point x of Y holds $\{x\}$ is anti-discrete.
- (9) Every empty subset of Y is anti-discrete.

Let Y be a topological structure and let I_1 be a family of subsets of Y . We say that I_1 is anti-discrete-set-family if and only if:

(Def. 5) For every subset A of Y such that $A \in I_1$ holds A is anti-discrete.

One can prove the following propositions:

- (10) Let F be a family of subsets of Y . Suppose F is anti-discrete-set-family. If $\bigcap F \neq \emptyset$, then $\bigcup F$ is anti-discrete.
- (11) For every family F of subsets of Y such that F is anti-discrete-set-family holds $\bigcap F$ is anti-discrete.

Let Y be a topological structure and let x be a point of Y . The functor $\text{MaxADSF}(x)$ yields a family of subsets of Y and is defined by:

(Def. 6) $\text{MaxADSF}(x) = \{A; A \text{ ranges over subsets of } Y: A \text{ is anti-discrete} \wedge x \in A\}$.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let x be a point of Y . Observe that $\text{MaxADSF}(x)$ is non empty.

In the sequel x denotes a point of Y .

Next we state four propositions:

- (12) $\text{MaxADSF}(x)$ is anti-discrete-set-family.
- (13) $\{x\} = \bigcap \text{MaxADSF}(x)$.
- (14) $\{x\} \subseteq \bigcup \text{MaxADSF}(x)$.
- (15) $\bigcup \text{MaxADSF}(x)$ is anti-discrete.

3. MAXIMAL ANTI-DISCRETE SUBSETS OF TOPOLOGICAL STRUCTURES

Let Y be a topological structure and let I_1 be a subset of Y . We say that I_1 is maximal anti-discrete if and only if:

(Def. 7) I_1 is anti-discrete and for every subset D of Y such that D is anti-discrete and $I_1 \subseteq D$ holds $I_1 = D$.

The following proposition is true

- (16) Let Y_0, Y_1 be topological structures, D_0 be a subset of Y_0 , and D_1 be a subset of Y_1 . Suppose the topological structure of $Y_0 =$ the topological structure of Y_1 and $D_0 = D_1$. If D_0 is maximal anti-discrete, then D_1 is maximal anti-discrete.

In the sequel Y is a non empty topological structure.

One can prove the following propositions:

- (17) For every empty subset A of Y holds A is not maximal anti-discrete.
- (18) For every non empty subset A of Y such that A is anti-discrete and open holds A is maximal anti-discrete.
- (19) For every non empty subset A of Y such that A is anti-discrete and closed holds A is maximal anti-discrete.

Let Y be a topological structure and let x be a point of Y . The functor $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ yielding a subset of Y is defined as follows:

(Def. 8) $\text{MaxADSet}(x) = \bigcup \text{MaxADSF}(x)$.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let x be a point of Y . One can verify that $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ is non empty.

The following propositions are true:

- (20) For every point x of Y holds $\{x\} \subseteq \text{MaxADSet}(x)$.
- (21) For every subset D of Y and for every point x of Y such that D is anti-discrete and $x \in D$ holds $D \subseteq \text{MaxADSet}(x)$.
- (22) For every point x of Y holds $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ is maximal anti-discrete.
- (23) For all points x, y of Y holds $y \in \text{MaxADSet}(x)$ iff $\text{MaxADSet}(y) = \text{MaxADSet}(x)$.
- (24) For all points x, y of Y holds $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ misses $\text{MaxADSet}(y)$ or $\text{MaxADSet}(x) = \text{MaxADSet}(y)$.
- (25) For every subset F of Y and for every point x of Y such that F is closed and $x \in F$ holds $\text{MaxADSet}(x) \subseteq F$.
- (26) For every subset G of Y and for every point x of Y such that G is open and $x \in G$ holds $\text{MaxADSet}(x) \subseteq G$.
- (27) Let x be a point of Y . Suppose $\{F; F \text{ ranges over subsets of } Y: F \text{ is closed} \wedge x \in F\} \neq \emptyset$. Then $\text{MaxADSet}(x) \subseteq \bigcap \{F; F \text{ ranges over subsets of } Y: F \text{ is closed} \wedge x \in F\}$.
- (28) Let x be a point of Y . Suppose $\{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } Y: G \text{ is open} \wedge x \in G\} \neq \emptyset$. Then $\text{MaxADSet}(x) \subseteq \bigcap \{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } Y: G \text{ is open} \wedge x \in G\}$.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a subset of Y . Let us observe that A is maximal anti-discrete if and only if:

(Def. 9) There exists a point x of Y such that $x \in A$ and $A = \text{MaxADSet}(x)$.

One can prove the following proposition

- (29) For every subset A of Y and for every point x of Y such that $x \in A$ holds if A is maximal anti-discrete, then $A = \text{MaxADSet}(x)$.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a non empty subset of Y . Let us observe that A is maximal anti-discrete if and only if:

(Def. 10) For every point x of Y such that $x \in A$ holds $A = \text{MaxADSet}(x)$.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a subset of Y . The functor $\text{MaxADSet}(A)$ yielding a subset of Y is defined by:

(Def. 11) $\text{MaxADSet}(A) = \bigcup \{\text{MaxADSet}(a); a \text{ ranges over points of } Y: a \in A\}$.

We now state a number of propositions:

- (30) For every point x of Y holds $\text{MaxADSet}(x) = \text{MaxADSet}(\{x\})$.
- (31) For every subset A of Y and for every point x of Y such that $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ meets $\text{MaxADSet}(A)$ holds $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ meets A .
- (32) For every subset A of Y and for every point x of Y such that $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ meets $\text{MaxADSet}(A)$ holds $\text{MaxADSet}(x) \subseteq \text{MaxADSet}(A)$.
- (33) For all subsets A, B of Y such that $A \subseteq B$ holds $\text{MaxADSet}(A) \subseteq \text{MaxADSet}(B)$.
- (34) For every subset A of Y holds $A \subseteq \text{MaxADSet}(A)$.
- (35) For every subset A of Y holds $\text{MaxADSet}(A) = \text{MaxADSet}(\text{MaxADSet}(A))$.
- (36) For all subsets A, B of Y such that $A \subseteq \text{MaxADSet}(B)$ holds $\text{MaxADSet}(A) \subseteq \text{MaxADSet}(B)$.
- (37) For all subsets A, B of Y holds $B \subseteq \text{MaxADSet}(A)$ and $A \subseteq \text{MaxADSet}(B)$ iff $\text{MaxADSet}(A) = \text{MaxADSet}(B)$.

(38) For all subsets A, B of Y holds $\text{MaxADSet}(A \cup B) = \text{MaxADSet}(A) \cup \text{MaxADSet}(B)$.

(39) For all subsets A, B of Y holds $\text{MaxADSet}(A \cap B) \subseteq \text{MaxADSet}(A) \cap \text{MaxADSet}(B)$.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a non empty subset of Y . One can verify that $\text{MaxADSet}(A)$ is non empty.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be an empty subset of Y . Observe that $\text{MaxADSet}(A)$ is empty.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a non proper subset of Y . Note that $\text{MaxADSet}(A)$ is non proper.

Let Y be a non trivial non empty topological structure and let A be a non trivial non empty subset of Y . Observe that $\text{MaxADSet}(A)$ is non trivial.

The following four propositions are true:

(40) For every subset G of Y and for every subset A of Y such that G is open and $A \subseteq G$ holds $\text{MaxADSet}(A) \subseteq G$.

(41) Let A be a subset of Y . Suppose $\{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } Y: G \text{ is open} \wedge A \subseteq G\} \neq \emptyset$. Then $\text{MaxADSet}(A) \subseteq \bigcap \{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } Y: G \text{ is open} \wedge A \subseteq G\}$.

(42) For every subset F of Y and for every subset A of Y such that F is closed and $A \subseteq F$ holds $\text{MaxADSet}(A) \subseteq F$.

(43) Let A be a subset of Y . Suppose $\{F; F \text{ ranges over subsets of } Y: F \text{ is closed} \wedge A \subseteq F\} \neq \emptyset$. Then $\text{MaxADSet}(A) \subseteq \bigcap \{F; F \text{ ranges over subsets of } Y: F \text{ is closed} \wedge A \subseteq F\}$.

4. ANTI-DISCRETE AND MAXIMAL ANTI-DISCRETE SUBSETS OF TOPOLOGICAL SPACES

Let X be a non empty topological space and let A be a subset of X . Let us observe that A is anti-discrete if and only if:

(Def. 12) For every point x of X such that $x \in A$ holds $A \subseteq \overline{\{x\}}$.

Let X be a non empty topological space and let A be a subset of X . Let us observe that A is anti-discrete if and only if:

(Def. 13) For every point x of X such that $x \in A$ holds $\overline{A} = \overline{\{x\}}$.

Let X be a non empty topological space and let A be a subset of X . Let us observe that A is anti-discrete if and only if:

(Def. 14) For all points x, y of X such that $x \in A$ and $y \in A$ holds $\overline{\{x\}} = \overline{\{y\}}$.

In the sequel X is a non empty topological space.

Next we state four propositions:

(44) For every point x of X and for every subset D of X such that D is anti-discrete and $\overline{\{x\}} \subseteq D$ holds $D = \overline{\{x\}}$.

(45) Let A be a subset of X . Then A is anti-discrete and closed if and only if for every point x of X such that $x \in A$ holds $A = \overline{\{x\}}$.

(46) For every subset A of X such that A is anti-discrete and A is not open holds A is boundary.

(47) For every point x of X such that $\overline{\{x\}} = \{x\}$ holds $\{x\}$ is maximal anti-discrete.

In the sequel x, y are points of X .

We now state several propositions:

(48) $\text{MaxADSet}(x) \subseteq \bigcap \{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: G \text{ is open} \wedge x \in G\}$.

(49) $\text{MaxADSet}(x) \subseteq \bigcap \{F; F \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: F \text{ is closed} \wedge x \in F\}$.

- (50) $\text{MaxADSet}(x) \subseteq \overline{\{x\}}$.
 (51) $\text{MaxADSet}(x) = \text{MaxADSet}(y)$ iff $\overline{\{x\}} = \overline{\{y\}}$.
 (52) $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ misses $\text{MaxADSet}(y)$ iff $\overline{\{x\}} \neq \overline{\{y\}}$.

Let X be a non empty topological space and let x be a point of X . Then $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ is a non empty subset of X and it can be characterized by the condition:

(Def. 15) $\text{MaxADSet}(x) = \overline{\{x\}} \cap \bigcap \{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: G \text{ is open} \wedge x \in G\}$.

Next we state four propositions:

- (53) Let x, y be points of X . Then $\overline{\{x\}} \subseteq \overline{\{y\}}$ if and only if $\bigcap \{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: G \text{ is open} \wedge y \in G\} \subseteq \bigcap \{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: G \text{ is open} \wedge x \in G\}$.
 (54) For all points x, y of X holds $\overline{\{x\}} \subseteq \overline{\{y\}}$ iff $\text{MaxADSet}(y) \subseteq \bigcap \{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: G \text{ is open} \wedge x \in G\}$.
 (55) Let x, y be points of X . Then $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ misses $\text{MaxADSet}(y)$ if and only if one of the following conditions is satisfied:
 (i) there exists a subset V of X such that V is open and $\text{MaxADSet}(x) \subseteq V$ and V misses $\text{MaxADSet}(y)$, or
 (ii) there exists a subset W of X such that W is open and W misses $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ and $\text{MaxADSet}(y) \subseteq W$.
 (56) Let x, y be points of X . Then $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ misses $\text{MaxADSet}(y)$ if and only if one of the following conditions is satisfied:
 (i) there exists a subset E of X such that E is closed and $\text{MaxADSet}(x) \subseteq E$ and E misses $\text{MaxADSet}(y)$, or
 (ii) there exists a subset F of X such that F is closed and F misses $\text{MaxADSet}(x)$ and $\text{MaxADSet}(y) \subseteq F$.

In the sequel A, B are subsets of X and P, Q are subsets of X .

Next we state a number of propositions:

- (57) $\text{MaxADSet}(A) \subseteq \bigcap \{G; G \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: G \text{ is open} \wedge A \subseteq G\}$.
 (58) If P is open, then $\text{MaxADSet}(P) = P$.
 (59) $\text{MaxADSet}(\text{Int}A) = \text{Int}A$.
 (60) $\text{MaxADSet}(A) \subseteq \bigcap \{F; F \text{ ranges over subsets of } X: F \text{ is closed} \wedge A \subseteq F\}$.
 (61) $\text{MaxADSet}(A) \subseteq \overline{A}$.
 (62) If P is closed, then $\text{MaxADSet}(P) = P$.
 (63) $\text{MaxADSet}(\overline{A}) = \overline{A}$.
 (64) $\overline{\text{MaxADSet}(A)} = \overline{A}$.
 (65) If $\text{MaxADSet}(A) = \text{MaxADSet}(B)$, then $\overline{A} = \overline{B}$.
 (66) If P is closed or Q is closed, then $\text{MaxADSet}(P \cap Q) = \text{MaxADSet}(P) \cap \text{MaxADSet}(Q)$.
 (67) If P is open or Q is open, then $\text{MaxADSet}(P \cap Q) = \text{MaxADSet}(P) \cap \text{MaxADSet}(Q)$.

5. MAXIMAL ANTI-DISCRETE SUBSPACES

In the sequel Y is a non empty topological structure.

The following propositions are true:

- (68) Let Y_0 be a subspace of Y and A be a subset of Y . Suppose $A =$ the carrier of Y_0 . If Y_0 is anti-discrete, then A is anti-discrete.
- (69) Let Y_0 be a subspace of Y . Suppose Y_0 is topological space-like. Let A be a subset of Y . Suppose $A =$ the carrier of Y_0 . If A is anti-discrete, then Y_0 is anti-discrete.

In the sequel X denotes a non empty topological space and Y_0 denotes a non empty subspace of X .

We now state four propositions:

- (70) If for every open subspace X_0 of X holds Y_0 misses X_0 or Y_0 is a subspace of X_0 , then Y_0 is anti-discrete.
- (71) If for every closed subspace X_0 of X holds Y_0 misses X_0 or Y_0 is a subspace of X_0 , then Y_0 is anti-discrete.
- (72) Let Y_0 be an anti-discrete subspace of X and X_0 be an open subspace of X . Then Y_0 misses X_0 or Y_0 is a subspace of X_0 .
- (73) Let Y_0 be an anti-discrete subspace of X and X_0 be a closed subspace of X . Then Y_0 misses X_0 or Y_0 is a subspace of X_0 .

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let I_1 be a subspace of Y . We say that I_1 is maximal anti-discrete if and only if the conditions (Def. 16) are satisfied.

(Def. 16)(i) I_1 is anti-discrete, and

- (ii) for every subspace Y_0 of Y such that Y_0 is anti-discrete holds if the carrier of $I_1 \subseteq$ the carrier of Y_0 , then the carrier of $I_1 =$ the carrier of Y_0 .

Let Y be a non empty topological structure. Note that every subspace of Y which is maximal anti-discrete is also anti-discrete and every subspace of Y which is non anti-discrete is also non maximal anti-discrete.

Next we state the proposition

- (74) Let Y_0 be a non empty subspace of X and A be a subset of X . Suppose $A =$ the carrier of Y_0 . Then Y_0 is maximal anti-discrete if and only if A is maximal anti-discrete.

Let X be a non empty topological space. One can check the following observations:

- * every non empty subspace of X which is open and anti-discrete is also maximal anti-discrete,
- * every non empty subspace of X which is open and non maximal anti-discrete is also non anti-discrete,
- * every non empty subspace of X which is anti-discrete and non maximal anti-discrete is also non open,
- * every non empty subspace of X which is closed and anti-discrete is also maximal anti-discrete,
- * every non empty subspace of X which is closed and non maximal anti-discrete is also non anti-discrete, and
- * every non empty subspace of X which is anti-discrete and non maximal anti-discrete is also non closed.

Let Y be a topological structure and let x be a point of Y . The functor $\text{MaxADSspace}(x)$ yielding a strict subspace of Y is defined by:

(Def. 17) The carrier of $\text{MaxADSspace}(x) = \text{MaxADSet}(x)$.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let x be a point of Y . One can check that $\text{MaxADSspace}(x)$ is non empty.

Next we state three propositions:

- (75) For every point x of Y holds $\text{Sspace}(x)$ is a subspace of $\text{MaxADSspace}(x)$.
- (76) Let x, y be points of Y . Then y is a point of $\text{MaxADSspace}(x)$ if and only if the topological structure of $\text{MaxADSspace}(y) =$ the topological structure of $\text{MaxADSspace}(x)$.
- (77) Let x, y be points of Y . Then
 - (i) the carrier of $\text{MaxADSspace}(x)$ misses the carrier of $\text{MaxADSspace}(y)$, or
 - (ii) the topological structure of $\text{MaxADSspace}(x) =$ the topological structure of $\text{MaxADSspace}(y)$.

Let X be a non empty topological space. Observe that there exists a subspace of X which is maximal anti-discrete and strict.

Let X be a non empty topological space and let x be a point of X . One can check that $\text{MaxADSspace}(x)$ is maximal anti-discrete.

One can prove the following three propositions:

- (78) Let X_0 be a closed non empty subspace of X and x be a point of X . If x is a point of X_0 , then $\text{MaxADSspace}(x)$ is a subspace of X_0 .
- (79) Let X_0 be an open non empty subspace of X and x be a point of X . If x is a point of X_0 , then $\text{MaxADSspace}(x)$ is a subspace of X_0 .
- (80) For every point x of X such that $\overline{\{x\}} = \{x\}$ holds $\text{Sspace}(x)$ is maximal anti-discrete.

Let Y be a topological structure and let A be a subset of Y . The functor $\text{Sspace}(A)$ yields a strict subspace of Y and is defined as follows:

(Def. 18) The carrier of $\text{Sspace}(A) = A$.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a non empty subset of Y . One can verify that $\text{Sspace}(A)$ is non empty.

The following propositions are true:

- (81) Every non empty subset A of Y is a subset of $\text{Sspace}(A)$.
- (82) Let Y_0 be a subspace of Y and A be a non empty subset of Y . If A is a subset of Y_0 , then $\text{Sspace}(A)$ is a subspace of Y_0 .

Let Y be a non trivial non empty topological structure. One can verify that there exists a subspace of Y which is non proper and strict.

Let Y be a non trivial non empty topological structure and let A be a non trivial non empty subset of Y . One can verify that $\text{Sspace}(A)$ is non trivial.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a non proper non empty subset of Y . Note that $\text{Sspace}(A)$ is non proper.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a subset of Y . The functor $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$ yielding a strict subspace of Y is defined by:

(Def. 19) The carrier of $\text{MaxADSspace}(A) = \text{MaxADSet}(A)$.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a non empty subset of Y . One can verify that $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$ is non empty.

The following propositions are true:

- (83) Every non empty subset A of Y is a subset of $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$.
- (84) For every non empty subset A of Y holds $\text{Sspace}(A)$ is a subspace of $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$.
- (85) For every point x of Y holds the topological structure of $\text{MaxADSspace}(x) =$ the topological structure of $\text{MaxADSspace}(\{x\})$.
- (86) For all non empty subsets A, B of Y such that $A \subseteq B$ holds $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$ is a subspace of $\text{MaxADSspace}(B)$.
- (87) For every non empty subset A of Y holds the topological structure of $\text{MaxADSspace}(A) =$ the topological structure of $\text{MaxADSspace}(\text{MaxADSet}(A))$.
- (88) For all non empty subsets A, B of Y such that A is a subset of $\text{MaxADSspace}(B)$ holds $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$ is a subspace of $\text{MaxADSspace}(B)$.
- (89) Let A, B be non empty subsets of Y . Then B is a subset of $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$ and A is a subset of $\text{MaxADSspace}(B)$ if and only if the topological structure of $\text{MaxADSspace}(A) =$ the topological structure of $\text{MaxADSspace}(B)$.

Let Y be a non trivial non empty topological structure and let A be a non trivial non empty subset of Y . One can verify that $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$ is non trivial.

Let Y be a non empty topological structure and let A be a non proper non empty subset of Y . Observe that $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$ is non proper.

One can prove the following propositions:

- (90) Let X_0 be an open subspace of X and A be a non empty subset of X . If A is a subset of X_0 , then $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$ is a subspace of X_0 .
- (91) Let X_0 be a closed subspace of X and A be a non empty subset of X . If A is a subset of X_0 , then $\text{MaxADSspace}(A)$ is a subspace of X_0 .

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