

On the Two Short Axiomatizations of Ortholattices

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Summary. In the paper, two short axiom systems for Boolean algebras are introduced. In the first section we show that the single axiom (DN_1) proposed in [2] in terms of disjunction and negation characterizes Boolean algebras. To prove that (DN_1) is a single axiom for Robbins algebras (that is, Boolean algebras as well), we use the Otter theorem prover. The second section contains proof that the two classical axioms $(Meredith_1)$, $(Meredith_2)$ proposed by Meredith [3] may also serve as a basis for Boolean algebras. The results will be used to characterize ortholattices.

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The articles [4] and [1] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

1. SINGLE AXIOM FOR BOOLEAN ALGEBRAS

Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure. We say that L satisfies (DN_1) if and only if:

(Def. 1) For all elements x, y, z, u of L holds $((x+y)^c + z)^c + (x + (z^c + (z+u)^c)^c)^c = z$.

Let us mention that TrivComplLat satisfies (DN_1) and TrivOrtLat satisfies (DN_1) .

One can verify that there exists a non empty complemented lattice structure which is join-commutative and join-associative and satisfies (DN_1) .

Next we state a number of propositions:

- (1) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z, u, v be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + ((z+u)^c + x)^c + (y^c + (y+v)^c)^c)^c = y$.
- (2) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z, u be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + ((z+x)^c + (y^c + (y+u)^c)^c)^c = y$.
- (3) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x be an element of L . Then $((x+x^c)^c + x)^c = x^c$.
- (4) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z, u be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + ((z+x)^c + ((y+y^c)^c + y)^c + (y+u)^c)^c = y$.
- (5) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + ((z+x)^c + y)^c = y$.
- (6) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + (x^c + y)^c = y$.
- (7) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + x)^c + (x+y)^c = x$.

- (8) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $(x + ((x + y)^c + x)^c)^c = (x + y)^c$.
- (9) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x + y)^c + z)^c + (x + z)^c = z$.
- (10) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $(x + ((y + z)^c + (y + x)^c)^c)^c = (y + x)^c$.
- (11) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x + y)^c + z)^c + (x^c + y)^c = (x^c + y)^c$.
- (12) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $(x + ((y + z)^c + (z + x)^c)^c)^c = (z + x)^c$.
- (13) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z, u be elements of L . Then $((x + y)^c + ((z + x)^c + (y^c + (u + y)^c)^c)^c)^c = y$.
- (14) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $(x + y)^c = (y + x)^c$.
- (15) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x + y)^c + (y + z)^c)^c + z = (y + z)^c$.
- (16) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x + ((x + y)^c + z)^c)^c + z)^c = ((x + y)^c + z)^c$.
- (17) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $((x + y)^c + x)^c + y = (y + y)^c$.
- (18) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $(x^c + (y + x)^c)^c = x$.
- (19) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $((x + y)^c + y^c)^c = y$.
- (20) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $(x + (y + x^c)^c)^c = x^c$.
- (21) For every non empty complemented lattice structure L satisfying (DN_1) and for every element x of L holds $(x + x)^c = x^c$.
- (22) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $((x + y)^c + x)^c + y = y^c$.
- (23) For every non empty complemented lattice structure L satisfying (DN_1) and for every element x of L holds $(x^c)^c = x$.
- (24) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $((x + y)^c + x)^c + y = (y^c)^c$.
- (25) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $((x + y)^c)^c = y + x$.
- (26) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $x + ((y + z)^c + (y + x)^c)^c = ((y + x)^c)^c$.
- (27) For every non empty complemented lattice structure L satisfying (DN_1) and for all elements x, y of L holds $x + y = y + x$.

Let us mention that every non empty complemented lattice structure which satisfies (DN_1) is also join-commutative.

The following propositions are true:

- (28) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + x)^c + y = y$.
- (29) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + y)^c + x = x$.
- (30) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $x + ((y+x)^c + y)^c = x$.
- (31) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $(x+y^c)^c + (y^c+y)^c = (x+y^c)^c$.
- (32) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $(x+y)^c + (y+y^c)^c = (x+y)^c$.
- (33) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $(x+y)^c + (y^c+y)^c = (x+y)^c$.
- (34) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $((x+y^c)^c + y)^c = (y^c+y)^c$.
- (35) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $(x+y^c + y)^c = (y^c+y)^c$.
- (36) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x+y^c+z)^c + y)^c + (y^c+y)^c = y$.
- (37) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $x + ((y+z)^c + (y+x)^c)^c = y+x$.
- (38) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $x + (y + ((z+y)^c + x)^c)^c = (z+y)^c + x$.
- (39) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $x + ((y+x)^c + (y+z)^c)^c = y+x$.
- (40) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + ((x+y)^c + (x+z)^c)^c + y = y$.
- (41) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x+y^c+z)^c + y)^c = y$.
- (42) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $x + (y+x^c+z)^c = x$.
- (43) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $x^c + (y+x+z)^c = x^c$.
- (44) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $(x+y)^c + x = x+y^c$.
- (45) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y be elements of L . Then $(x + (x+y^c)^c)^c = (x+y)^c$.
- (46) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + (x+z)^c)^c + y = y$.
- (47) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + z)^c + (x^c+y)^c + y = ((x^c+y)^c)^c$.
- (48) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $((x+y)^c + z)^c + (x^c+y)^c + y = x^c + y$.

- (49) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $(x^c + ((y+x)^c + (y+z))^c + (y+z))^c + (y+z) = ((y+x)^c + (y+z))^c + (y+z)$.
- (50) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $(x^c + (y+x + (y+z))^c + (y+z))^c + (y+z) = ((y+x)^c + (y+z))^c + (y+z)$.
- (51) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $(x^c + (y+x + (y+z))^c + (y+z)) = (y+x) + (y+z)$.
- (52) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $(x^c)^c + (y+z) = (y+x) + (y+z)$.
- (53) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $(x+y) + (x+z) = y + (x+z)$.
- (54) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $(x+y) + (x+z) = z + (x+y)$.
- (55) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $x + (y+z) = z + (y+x)$.
- (56) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $x + (y+z) = y + (z+x)$.
- (57) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure satisfying (DN_1) and x, y, z be elements of L . Then $(x+y) + z = x + (y+z)$.

One can check that every non empty complemented lattice structure which satisfies (DN_1) is also join-associative and every non empty complemented lattice structure which satisfies (DN_1) is also Robbins.

One can prove the following two propositions:

- (58) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure and x, z be elements of L . Suppose L is join-commutative, join-associative, and Huntington. Then $(z+x) * (z+x^c) = z$.
- (59) Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure such that L is join-commutative, join-associative, and Robbins. Then L satisfies (DN_1) .

One can verify that every non empty complemented lattice structure which is join-commutative, join-associative, and Robbins satisfies also (DN_1) .

One can verify that there exists a pre-ortholattice which is de Morgan and satisfies (DN_1) .

One can check that every pre-ortholattice which is de Morgan satisfies (DN_1) is also Boolean and every well-complemented pre-ortholattice which is Boolean satisfies also (DN_1) .

2. MEREDITH TWO AXIOMS FOR BOOLEAN ALGEBRAS

Let L be a non empty complemented lattice structure. We say that L satisfies $(Meredith_1)$ if and only if:

- (Def. 2) For all elements x, y of L holds $(x^c + y)^c + x = x$.

We say that L satisfies $(Meredith_2)$ if and only if:

- (Def. 3) For all elements x, y, z of L holds $(x^c + y)^c + (z+y) = y + (z+x)$.

Let us observe that every non empty complemented lattice structure which satisfies $(Meredith_1)$ and $(Meredith_2)$ is also join-commutative, join-associative, and Huntington and every non empty complemented lattice structure which is join-commutative, join-associative, and Huntington satisfies also $(Meredith_1)$ and $(Meredith_2)$.

Let us observe that there exists a pre-ortholattice which is de Morgan and satisfies $(Meredith_1)$, $(Meredith_2)$, and (DN_1) .

One can check that every pre-ortholattice which is de Morgan satisfies $(Meredith_1)$ and $(Meredith_2)$ is also Boolean and every well-complemented pre-ortholattice which is Boolean satisfies also $(Meredith_1)$ and $(Meredith_2)$.

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