

The Evaluation of Polynomials

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The articles [18], [25], [19], [1], [20], [26], [5], [6], [4], [2], [7], [24], [22], [9], [8], [14], [15], [16], [21], [10], [12], [27], [3], [23], [17], [13], and [11] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

1. PRELIMINARIES

The following propositions are true:

- (1) For every natural number n holds $0 -' n = 0$.
- (3)¹ Let D be a non empty set, p be a finite sequence of elements of D , and n be a natural number. If $1 \leq n$ and $n \leq \text{len } p$, then $p = (p \upharpoonright (n -' 1)) \hat{\ } \langle p(n) \rangle \hat{\ } (p \downharpoonright n)$.

Let us observe that every left zeroed add-right-cancelable right distributive left unital commutative associative non empty double loop structure which is field-like is also integral domain-like.

Let us note that there exists a non empty double loop structure which is strict, Abelian, add-associative, right zeroed, right complementable, associative, commutative, distributive, well unital, integral domain-like, field-like, non degenerated, and non trivial.

2. ABOUT POLYNOMIALS

The following propositions are true:

- (5)² Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable left distributive non empty double loop structure and p be a sequence of L . Then $\mathbf{0}.L * p = \mathbf{0}.L$.
- (6) For every non empty zero structure L holds $\text{len } \mathbf{0}.L = 0$.
- (7) For every non degenerated non empty multiplicative loop with zero structure L holds $\text{len } \mathbf{1}.L = 1$.
- (8) For every non empty zero structure L and for every polynomial p of L such that $\text{len } p = 0$ holds $p = \mathbf{0}.L$.
- (9) Let L be a right zeroed non empty loop structure, p, q be polynomials of L , and n be a natural number. If $n \geq \text{len } p$ and $n \geq \text{len } q$, then $n \geq \text{len}(p + q)$.

¹ The proposition (2) has been removed.

² The proposition (4) has been removed.

- (10) Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable non empty loop structure and p, q be polynomials of L . If $\text{len } p \neq \text{len } q$, then $\text{len}(p + q) = \max(\text{len } p, \text{len } q)$.
- (11) Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable non empty loop structure and p be a polynomial of L . Then $\text{len}(-p) = \text{len } p$.
- (12) Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable non empty loop structure, p, q be polynomials of L , and n be a natural number. If $n \geq \text{len } p$ and $n \geq \text{len } q$, then $n \geq \text{len}(p - q)$.
- (13) Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable distributive commutative associative left unital non empty double loop structure and p, q be polynomials of L . If $p(\text{len } p - 1) \cdot q(\text{len } q - 1) \neq 0_L$, then $\text{len}(p * q) = (\text{len } p + \text{len } q) - 1$.

3. LEADING MONOMIALS

Let L be a non empty zero structure and let p be a polynomial of L . The functor Leading-Monomial p yields a sequence of L and is defined by:

- (Def. 1) $(\text{Leading-Monomial } p)(\text{len } p - 1) = p(\text{len } p - 1)$ and for every natural number n such that $n \neq \text{len } p - 1$ holds $(\text{Leading-Monomial } p)(n) = 0_L$.

We now state the proposition

- (14) For every non empty zero structure L and for every polynomial p of L holds $\text{Leading-Monomial } p = \mathbf{0}.L + \cdot (\text{len } p - 1, p(\text{len } p - 1))$.

Let L be a non empty zero structure and let p be a polynomial of L . One can check that $\text{Leading-Monomial } p$ is finite-Support.

Next we state several propositions:

- (15) For every non empty zero structure L and for every polynomial p of L such that $\text{len } p = 0$ holds $\text{Leading-Monomial } p = \mathbf{0}.L$.
- (16) For every non empty zero structure L holds $\text{Leading-Monomial } \mathbf{0}.L = \mathbf{0}.L$.
- (17) For every non degenerated non empty multiplicative loop with zero structure L holds $\text{Leading-Monomial } \mathbf{1}.L = \mathbf{1}.L$.
- (18) For every non empty zero structure L and for every polynomial p of L holds $\text{len } \text{Leading-Monomial } p = \text{len } p$.
- (19) Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable non empty loop structure and p be a polynomial of L . Suppose $\text{len } p \neq 0$. Then there exists a polynomial q of L such that $\text{len } q < \text{len } p$ and $p = q + \text{Leading-Monomial } p$ and for every natural number n such that $n < \text{len } p - 1$ holds $q(n) = p(n)$.

4. EVALUATION OF POLYNOMIALS

Let L be a unital non empty double loop structure, let p be a polynomial of L , and let x be an element of the carrier of L . The functor $\text{eval}(p, x)$ yields an element of L and is defined by the condition (Def. 2).

- (Def. 2) There exists a finite sequence F of elements of the carrier of L such that $\text{eval}(p, x) = \sum F$ and $\text{len } F = \text{len } p$ and for every natural number n such that $n \in \text{dom } F$ holds $F(n) = p(n - 1) \cdot \text{power}_L(x, n - 1)$.

The following propositions are true:

- (20) For every unital non empty double loop structure L and for every element x of the carrier of L holds $\text{eval}(\mathbf{0}.L, x) = 0_L$.

- (21) Let L be a well unital add-associative right zeroed right complementable associative non degenerated non empty double loop structure and x be an element of the carrier of L . Then $\text{eval}(\mathbf{1}_L, x) = \mathbf{1}_L$.
- (22) Let L be an Abelian add-associative right zeroed right complementable unital left distributive non empty double loop structure, p, q be polynomials of L , and x be an element of the carrier of L . Then $\text{eval}(p + q, x) = \text{eval}(p, x) + \text{eval}(q, x)$.
- (23) Let L be an Abelian add-associative right zeroed right complementable unital distributive non empty double loop structure, p be a polynomial of L , and x be an element of the carrier of L . Then $\text{eval}(-p, x) = -\text{eval}(p, x)$.
- (24) Let L be an Abelian add-associative right zeroed right complementable unital distributive non empty double loop structure, p, q be polynomials of L , and x be an element of the carrier of L . Then $\text{eval}(p - q, x) = \text{eval}(p, x) - \text{eval}(q, x)$.
- (25) Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable right zeroed distributive unital non empty double loop structure, p be a polynomial of L , and x be an element of the carrier of L . Then $\text{eval}(\text{Leading-Monomial } p, x) = p(\text{len } p - 1) \cdot \text{power}_L(x, \text{len } p - 1)$.
- (26) Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian left unital distributive commutative associative non trivial non empty double loop structure, p, q be polynomials of L , and x be an element of the carrier of L . Then $\text{eval}(\text{Leading-Monomial } p * q, x) = \text{eval}(\text{Leading-Monomial } p, x) \cdot \text{eval}(q, x)$.
- (27) Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian left unital distributive commutative associative non trivial non empty double loop structure, p, q be polynomials of L , and x be an element of the carrier of L . Then $\text{eval}(p * q, x) = \text{eval}(p, x) \cdot \text{eval}(q, x)$.

5. EVALUATION HOMOMORPHISM

Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable distributive unital non empty double loop structure and let x be an element of the carrier of L . The functor $\text{Polynom-Evaluation}(L, x)$ yielding a map from $\text{Polynom-Ring } L$ into L is defined by:

(Def. 3) For every polynomial p of L holds $(\text{Polynom-Evaluation}(L, x))(p) = \text{eval}(p, x)$.

Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable distributive associative well unital non degenerated non empty double loop structure and let x be an element of the carrier of L . Observe that $\text{Polynom-Evaluation}(L, x)$ is unity-preserving.

Let L be an Abelian add-associative right zeroed right complementable distributive unital non empty double loop structure and let x be an element of the carrier of L . Observe that $\text{Polynom-Evaluation}(L, x)$ is additive.

Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian left unital distributive commutative associative non trivial non empty double loop structure and let x be an element of the carrier of L . One can verify that $\text{Polynom-Evaluation}(L, x)$ is multiplicative.

Let L be an add-associative right zeroed right complementable Abelian left unital distributive commutative associative non degenerated non empty double loop structure and let x be an element of the carrier of L . One can check that $\text{Polynom-Evaluation}(L, x)$ is ring homomorphism.

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