

# More on the Lattice of Many Sorted Equivalence Relations

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The articles [18], [6], [20], [21], [3], [5], [4], [17], [16], [19], [22], [1], [8], [7], [13], [2], [11], [12], [14], [15], [9], and [10] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

## 1. LATTICE OF MANY SORTED EQUIVALENCE RELATIONS IS COMPLETE

For simplicity, we follow the rules:  $I$  denotes a non empty set,  $M$  denotes a many sorted set indexed by  $I$ ,  $x$  denotes a set, and  $r_1, r_2$  denote real numbers.

Next we state three propositions:

- (1) For every set  $X$  holds  $x \in \text{EqRelLatt}(X)$  iff  $x$  is an equivalence relation of  $X$ .
- (2)  $\text{id}_M$  is an equivalence relation of  $M$ .
- (3)  $\llbracket M, M \rrbracket$  is an equivalence relation of  $M$ .

Let us consider  $I, M$ . Observe that  $\text{EqRelLatt}(M)$  is bounded.

The following propositions are true:

- (4)  $\perp_{\text{EqRelLatt}(M)} = \text{id}_M$ .
- (5)  $\top_{\text{EqRelLatt}(M)} = \llbracket M, M \rrbracket$ .
- (6) Every subset of  $\text{EqRelLatt}(M)$  is a family of many sorted subsets indexed by  $\llbracket M, M \rrbracket$ .
- (7) Let  $a, b$  be elements of  $\text{EqRelLatt}(M)$  and  $A, B$  be equivalence relations of  $M$ . If  $a = A$  and  $b = B$ , then  $a \sqsubseteq b$  iff  $A \subseteq B$ .
- (8) Let  $X$  be a subset of  $\text{EqRelLatt}(M)$  and  $X_1$  be a family of many sorted subsets indexed by  $\llbracket M, M \rrbracket$ . Suppose  $X_1 = X$ . Let  $a, b$  be equivalence relations of  $M$ . If  $a = \bigcap |X_1|$  and  $b \in X$ , then  $a \subseteq b$ .
- (9) Let  $X$  be a subset of  $\text{EqRelLatt}(M)$  and  $X_1$  be a family of many sorted subsets indexed by  $\llbracket M, M \rrbracket$ . If  $X_1 = X$  and  $X$  is non empty, then  $\bigcap |X_1|$  is an equivalence relation of  $M$ .

Let  $L$  be a non empty lattice structure. Let us observe that  $L$  is complete if and only if the condition (Def. 1) is satisfied.

(Def. 1) Let  $X$  be a subset of  $L$ . Then there exists an element  $a$  of  $L$  such that  $X \sqsubseteq a$  and for every element  $b$  of  $L$  such that  $X \sqsubseteq b$  holds  $a \sqsubseteq b$ .

Next we state the proposition

(10)  $\text{EqRelLatt}(M)$  is complete.

Let us consider  $I, M$ . One can check that  $\text{EqRelLatt}(M)$  is complete.

The following proposition is true

(11) Let  $X$  be a subset of  $\text{EqRelLatt}(M)$  and  $X_1$  be a family of many sorted subsets indexed by  $[[M, M]]$ . Suppose  $X_1 = X$  and  $X$  is non empty. Let  $a, b$  be equivalence relations of  $M$ . If  $a = \bigcap \{X_1\}$  and  $b = \bigcap_{\text{EqRelLatt}(M)} X$ , then  $a = b$ .

## 2. SUBLATTICES INHERITING SUP'S AND INF'S

Let  $L$  be a lattice and let  $I_1$  be a sublattice of  $L$ . We say that  $I_1$  is  $\bigcap$ -inheriting if and only if:

(Def. 2) For every subset  $X$  of  $I_1$  holds  $\bigcap_L X \in$  the carrier of  $I_1$ .

We say that  $I_1$  is  $\bigcup$ -inheriting if and only if:

(Def. 3) For every subset  $X$  of  $I_1$  holds  $\bigcup_L X \in$  the carrier of  $I_1$ .

Next we state several propositions:

(12) Let  $L$  be a lattice,  $L'$  be a sublattice of  $L$ ,  $a, b$  be elements of  $L$ , and  $a', b'$  be elements of  $L'$ . If  $a = a'$  and  $b = b'$ , then  $a \sqcup b = a' \sqcup b'$  and  $a \sqcap b = a' \sqcap b'$ .

(13) Let  $L$  be a lattice,  $L'$  be a sublattice of  $L$ ,  $X$  be a subset of  $L'$ ,  $a$  be an element of  $L$ , and  $a'$  be an element of  $L'$ . If  $a = a'$ , then  $a \sqsubseteq X$  iff  $a' \sqsubseteq X$ .

(14) Let  $L$  be a lattice,  $L'$  be a sublattice of  $L$ ,  $X$  be a subset of  $L'$ ,  $a$  be an element of  $L$ , and  $a'$  be an element of  $L'$ . If  $a = a'$ , then  $X \sqsubseteq a$  iff  $X \sqsubseteq a'$ .

(15) Let  $L$  be a complete lattice and  $L'$  be a sublattice of  $L$ . If  $L'$  is  $\bigcap$ -inheriting, then  $L'$  is complete.

(16) Let  $L$  be a complete lattice and  $L'$  be a sublattice of  $L$ . If  $L'$  is  $\bigcup$ -inheriting, then  $L'$  is complete.

Let  $L$  be a complete lattice. Observe that there exists a sublattice of  $L$  which is complete.

Let  $L$  be a complete lattice. One can check that every sublattice of  $L$  which is  $\bigcap$ -inheriting is also complete and every sublattice of  $L$  which is  $\bigcup$ -inheriting is also complete.

One can prove the following four propositions:

(17) Let  $L$  be a complete lattice and  $L'$  be a sublattice of  $L$ . Suppose  $L'$  is  $\bigcap$ -inheriting. Let  $A'$  be a subset of  $L'$ . Then  $\bigcap_L A' = \bigcap_{L'} A'$ .

(18) Let  $L$  be a complete lattice and  $L'$  be a sublattice of  $L$ . Suppose  $L'$  is  $\bigcup$ -inheriting. Let  $A'$  be a subset of  $L'$ . Then  $\bigcup_L A' = \bigcup_{L'} A'$ .

(19) Let  $L$  be a complete lattice and  $L'$  be a sublattice of  $L$ . Suppose  $L'$  is  $\bigcap$ -inheriting. Let  $A$  be a subset of  $L$  and  $A'$  be a subset of  $L'$ . If  $A = A'$ , then  $\bigcap A = \bigcap A'$ .

(20) Let  $L$  be a complete lattice and  $L'$  be a sublattice of  $L$ . Suppose  $L'$  is  $\bigcup$ -inheriting. Let  $A$  be a subset of  $L$  and  $A'$  be a subset of  $L'$ . If  $A = A'$ , then  $\bigcup A = \bigcup A'$ .

## 3. SEGMENT OF REAL NUMBERS AS A COMPLETE LATTICE

Let us consider  $r_1, r_2$ . Let us assume that  $r_1 \leq r_2$ . The functor  $\text{RealSubLatt}(r_1, r_2)$  yields a strict lattice and is defined by the conditions (Def. 4).

- (Def. 4)(i) The carrier of  $\text{RealSubLatt}(r_1, r_2) = [r_1, r_2]$ ,
- (ii) the join operation of  $\text{RealSubLatt}(r_1, r_2) = \max_{\mathbb{R}} \uparrow([\cdot, r_1, r_2], [r_1, r_2] : \text{qua set})$ , and
  - (iii) the meet operation of  $\text{RealSubLatt}(r_1, r_2) = \min_{\mathbb{R}} \downarrow([\cdot, r_1, r_2], [r_1, r_2] : \text{qua set})$ .

One can prove the following propositions:

- (21) For all  $r_1, r_2$  such that  $r_1 \leq r_2$  holds  $\text{RealSubLatt}(r_1, r_2)$  is complete.
- (22) There exists a sublattice of  $\text{RealSubLatt}(0, 1)$  which is  $\sqcup$ -inheriting and non  $\sqcap$ -inheriting.
- (23) There exists a complete lattice  $L$  such that there exists a sublattice of  $L$  which is  $\sqcup$ -inheriting and non  $\sqcap$ -inheriting.
- (24) There exists a sublattice of  $\text{RealSubLatt}(0, 1)$  which is  $\sqcap$ -inheriting and non  $\sqcup$ -inheriting.
- (25) There exists a complete lattice  $L$  such that there exists a sublattice of  $L$  which is  $\sqcap$ -inheriting and non  $\sqcup$ -inheriting.

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