

The Correspondence Between Monotonic Many Sorted Signatures and Well-Founded Graphs. Part II¹

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Summary. The graph induced by a many sorted signature is defined as follows: the vertices are the symbols of sorts, and if a sort s is an argument of an operation with result sort t , then a directed edge $[s, t]$ is in the graph. The key lemma states relationship between the depth of elements of a free many sorted algebra over a signature and the length of directed chains in the graph induced by the signature. Then we prove that a monotonic many sorted signature (every finitely-generated algebra over it is locally-finite) induces a *well-founded* graph. The converse holds with an additional assumption that the signature is finitely operated, i.e. there is only a finite number of operations with the given result sort.

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The articles [21], [12], [26], [25], [1], [22], [27], [9], [11], [10], [14], [2], [4], [5], [6], [19], [3], [15], [16], [23], [24], [8], [20], [18], [17], [13], and [7] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

In this paper n is a natural number.

Let S be a many sorted signature. The functor $\text{InducedEdges}(S)$ yielding a set is defined by the condition (Def. 1).

(Def. 1) Let x be a set. Then $x \in \text{InducedEdges}(S)$ if and only if there exist sets o_1, v such that $x = \langle o_1, v \rangle$ and $o_1 \in$ the operation symbols of S and $v \in$ the carrier of S and there exists a natural number n and there exists an element a_1 of (the carrier of S)^{*} such that (the arity of S)(o_1) = a_1 and $n \in \text{dom } a_1$ and $a_1(n) = v$.

Next we state the proposition

(1) For every many sorted signature S holds $\text{InducedEdges}(S) \subseteq [\text{the operation symbols of } S, \text{ the carrier of } S]$.

Let S be a many sorted signature. The functor $\text{InducedSource}(S)$ yielding a function from $\text{InducedEdges}(S)$ into the carrier of S is defined as follows:

(Def. 2) For every set e such that $e \in \text{InducedEdges}(S)$ holds $(\text{InducedSource}(S))(e) = e_2$.

The functor $\text{InducedTarget}(S)$ yields a function from $\text{InducedEdges}(S)$ into the carrier of S and is defined as follows:

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(Def. 3) For every set e such that $e \in \text{InducedEdges}(S)$ holds $(\text{InducedTarget}(S))(e) = (\text{the result sort of } S)(e_1)$.

Let S be a non empty many sorted signature. The functor $\text{InducedGraph}(S)$ yields a graph and is defined by:

(Def. 4) $\text{InducedGraph}(S) = \langle \text{the carrier of } S, \text{InducedEdges}(S), \text{InducedSource}(S), \text{InducedTarget}(S) \rangle$.

We now state several propositions:

- (2) Let S be a non void non empty many sorted signature, X be a non-empty many sorted set indexed by the carrier of S , v be a sort symbol of S , and given n . Suppose $1 \leq n$. Then there exists an element t of $(\text{the sorts of } \text{Free}(X))(v)$ such that $\text{depth}(t) = n$ if and only if there exists a directed chain c of $\text{InducedGraph}(S)$ such that $\text{len } c = n$ and $(\text{vertex-seq}(c))(\text{len } c + 1) = v$.
- (3) For every void non empty many sorted signature S holds S is monotonic iff $\text{InducedGraph}(S)$ is well-founded.
- (4) For every non void non empty many sorted signature S such that S is monotonic holds $\text{InducedGraph}(S)$ is well-founded.
- (5) Let S be a non void non empty many sorted signature and X be a non-empty locally-finite many sorted set indexed by the carrier of S . Suppose S is finitely operated. Let n be a natural number and v be a sort symbol of S . Then $\{t; t \text{ ranges over elements of } (\text{the sorts of } \text{Free}(X))(v): \text{depth}(t) \leq n\}$ is finite.
- (6) Let S be a non void non empty many sorted signature. If S is finitely operated and $\text{InducedGraph}(S)$ is well-founded, then S is monotonic.

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