

The First Part of Jordan's Theorem for Special Polygons

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Summary. We prove here the first part of Jordan's theorem for special polygons, i.e., the complement of a special polygon is the union of two components (a left component and a right component). At this stage, we do not know if the two components are different from each other.

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The articles [15], [4], [19], [6], [8], [17], [1], [14], [3], [2], [18], [7], [20], [13], [5], [9], [10], [16], [12], and [11] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

We adopt the following rules: $i, j, k_1, k_2, i_1, i_2, j_1, j_2$ are natural numbers and f is a non constant standard special circular sequence.

We now state a number of propositions:

- (2)¹ For all i, j such that $i \leq \text{len the Go-board of } f$ and $j \leq \text{width the Go-board of } f$ holds $\text{Int cell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i, j) \subseteq (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c$.
- (3) Let given i, j . Suppose $i \leq \text{len the Go-board of } f$ and $j \leq \text{width the Go-board of } f$. Then $\text{Down}(\text{Int cell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i, j), (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c) = \text{cell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i, j) \cap (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c$.
- (4) Let given i, j . Suppose $i \leq \text{len the Go-board of } f$ and $j \leq \text{width the Go-board of } f$. Then $\text{Down}(\text{Int cell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i, j), (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c)$ is connected and $\text{Down}(\text{Int cell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i, j), (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c) = \text{Int cell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i, j)$.
- (5) $(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c = \bigcup \{ \text{Down}(\text{Int cell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i, j), (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c) : i \leq \text{len the Go-board of } f \wedge j \leq \text{width the Go-board of } f \}$.
- (6) $\text{Down}(\text{LeftComp}(f), (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c) \cup \text{Down}(\text{RightComp}(f), (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c)$ is a union of components of $(\mathcal{E}_T^2) \upharpoonright (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c$ and $\text{Down}(\text{LeftComp}(f), (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c) = \text{LeftComp}(f)$ and $\text{Down}(\text{RightComp}(f), (\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c) = \text{RightComp}(f)$.
- (7) Let given i_1, j_1, i_2, j_2 . Suppose that
 - (i) $i_1 \leq \text{len the Go-board of } f$,
 - (ii) $j_1 \leq \text{width the Go-board of } f$,
 - (iii) $i_2 \leq \text{len the Go-board of } f$,

¹ The proposition (1) has been removed.

- (iv) $j_2 \leq$ width the Go-board of f , and
 (v) i_1, j_1, i_2 , and j_2 are adjacent.

Then $\text{Intcell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i_1, j_1) \subseteq \text{LeftComp}(f) \cup \text{RightComp}(f)$ if and only if $\text{Intcell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i_2, j_2) \subseteq \text{LeftComp}(f) \cup \text{RightComp}(f)$.

- (8) Let F_1, F_2 be finite sequences of elements of \mathbb{N} . Suppose that
- (i) $\text{len} F_1 = \text{len} F_2$,
- (ii) there exists i such that $i \in \text{dom} F_1$ and $\text{Intcell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, (F_1)_i, (F_2)_i) \subseteq \text{LeftComp}(f) \cup \text{RightComp}(f)$,
- (iii) for every i such that $1 \leq i$ and $i < \text{len} F_1$ holds $(F_1)_i, (F_2)_i, (F_1)_{i+1}$, and $(F_2)_{i+1}$ are adjacent, and
- (iv) for all i, k_1, k_2 such that $i \in \text{dom} F_1$ and $k_1 = F_1(i)$ and $k_2 = F_2(i)$ holds $k_1 \leq \text{len}$ the Go-board of f and $k_2 \leq$ width the Go-board of f .
- Let given i . If $i \in \text{dom} F_1$, then $\text{Intcell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, (F_1)_i, (F_2)_i) \subseteq \text{LeftComp}(f) \cup \text{RightComp}(f)$.
- (9) There exist i, j such that $i \leq \text{len}$ the Go-board of f and $j \leq$ width the Go-board of f and $\text{Intcell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i, j) \subseteq \text{LeftComp}(f) \cup \text{RightComp}(f)$.
- (10) For all i, j such that $i \leq \text{len}$ the Go-board of f and $j \leq$ width the Go-board of f holds $\text{Intcell}(\text{the Go-board of } f, i, j) \subseteq \text{LeftComp}(f) \cup \text{RightComp}(f)$.
- (11) $(\tilde{\mathcal{L}}(f))^c = \text{LeftComp}(f) \cup \text{RightComp}(f)$.

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