

Calculus of Quantifiers. Deduction Theorem

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Summary. Some tautologies of the Classical Quantifier Calculus. The deduction theorem is also proved.

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The articles [9], [4], [11], [2], [3], [10], [8], [7], [1], [5], and [6] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

For simplicity, we use the following convention: X denotes a subset of CQC-WFF, F, G, p, q, r denote elements of CQC-WFF, s, h denote formulae, and x, y denote bound variables.

Next we state a number of propositions:

- (1) If $\vdash p \Rightarrow (q \Rightarrow r)$, then $\vdash p \wedge q \Rightarrow r$.
- (2) If $\vdash p \Rightarrow (q \Rightarrow r)$, then $\vdash q \wedge p \Rightarrow r$.
- (3) If $\vdash p \wedge q \Rightarrow r$, then $\vdash p \Rightarrow (q \Rightarrow r)$.
- (4) If $\vdash p \wedge q \Rightarrow r$, then $\vdash q \Rightarrow (p \Rightarrow r)$.
- (5) $y \in \text{snb}(\forall_x s)$ iff $y \in \text{snb}(s)$ and $y \neq x$.
- (6) $y \in \text{snb}(\exists_x s)$ iff $y \in \text{snb}(s)$ and $y \neq x$.
- (7) $y \in \text{snb}(s \Rightarrow h)$ iff $y \in \text{snb}(s)$ or $y \in \text{snb}(h)$.
- (9)¹ $y \in \text{snb}(s \wedge h)$ iff $y \in \text{snb}(s)$ or $y \in \text{snb}(h)$.
- (10) $y \in \text{snb}(s \vee h)$ iff $y \in \text{snb}(s)$ or $y \in \text{snb}(h)$.
- (11) $x \notin \text{snb}(\forall_{x,y} s)$ and $y \notin \text{snb}(\forall_{x,y} s)$.
- (12) $x \notin \text{snb}(\exists_{x,y} s)$ and $y \notin \text{snb}(\exists_{x,y} s)$.
- (14)² $(s \Rightarrow h)(x) = s(x) \Rightarrow h(x)$.
- (15) $(s \vee h)(x) = s(x) \vee h(x)$.
- (17)³ If $x \neq y$, then $(\exists_x p)(y) = \exists_x p(y)$.
- (18) $\vdash p \Rightarrow \exists_x p$.

¹ The proposition (8) has been removed.

² The proposition (13) has been removed.

³ The proposition (16) has been removed.

- (19) If $\vdash p$, then $\vdash \exists_x p$.
- (20) $\vdash \forall_x p \Rightarrow \exists_x p$.
- (21) $\vdash \forall_x p \Rightarrow \exists_y p$.
- (22) If $\vdash p \Rightarrow q$ and $x \notin \text{snb}(q)$, then $\vdash \exists_x p \Rightarrow q$.
- (23) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash \exists_x p \Rightarrow p$.
- (24) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$ and $\vdash \exists_x p$, then $\vdash p$.
- (25) If $p = h(x)$ and $q = h(y)$ and $y \notin \text{snb}(h)$, then $\vdash p \Rightarrow \exists_y q$.
- (26) If $\vdash p$, then $\vdash \forall_x p$.
- (27) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash p \Rightarrow \forall_x p$.
- (28) If $p = h(x)$ and $q = h(y)$ and $x \notin \text{snb}(h)$, then $\vdash \forall_x p \Rightarrow q$.
- (29) If $y \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash \forall_x p \Rightarrow \forall_y p$.
- (30) If $p = h(x)$ and $q = h(y)$ and $x \notin \text{snb}(h)$ and $y \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash \forall_x p \Rightarrow \forall_y q$.
- (31) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash \exists_x p \Rightarrow \exists_y p$.
- (32) If $p = h(x)$ and $q = h(y)$ and $x \notin \text{snb}(q)$ and $y \notin \text{snb}(h)$, then $\vdash \exists_x p \Rightarrow \exists_y q$.
- (34)⁴ $\vdash \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow (\forall_x p \Rightarrow \forall_x q)$.
- (35) If $\vdash \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q)$, then $\vdash \forall_x p \Rightarrow \forall_x q$.
- (36) $\vdash \forall_x(p \Leftrightarrow q) \Rightarrow (\forall_x p \Leftrightarrow \forall_x q)$.
- (37) If $\vdash \forall_x(p \Leftrightarrow q)$, then $\vdash \forall_x p \Leftrightarrow \forall_x q$.
- (38) $\vdash \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow (\exists_x p \Rightarrow \exists_x q)$.
- (39) If $\vdash \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q)$, then $\vdash \exists_x p \Rightarrow \exists_x q$.
- (40) $\vdash \forall_x(p \wedge q) \Rightarrow \forall_x p \wedge \forall_x q$ and $\vdash \forall_x p \wedge \forall_x q \Rightarrow \forall_x(p \wedge q)$.
- (41) $\vdash \forall_x(p \wedge q) \Leftrightarrow \forall_x p \wedge \forall_x q$.
- (42) $\vdash \forall_x(p \wedge q) \text{ iff } \vdash \forall_x p \wedge \forall_x q$.
- (43) $\vdash \forall_x p \vee \forall_x q \Rightarrow \forall_x(p \vee q)$.
- (44) $\vdash \exists_x(p \vee q) \Rightarrow \exists_x p \vee \exists_x q$ and $\vdash \exists_x p \vee \exists_x q \Rightarrow \exists_x(p \vee q)$.
- (45) $\vdash \exists_x(p \vee q) \Leftrightarrow \exists_x p \vee \exists_x q$.
- (46) $\vdash \exists_x(p \vee q) \text{ iff } \vdash \exists_x p \vee \exists_x q$.
- (47) $\vdash \exists_x(p \wedge q) \Rightarrow \exists_x p \wedge \exists_x q$.
- (48) If $\vdash \exists_x(p \wedge q)$, then $\vdash \exists_x p \wedge \exists_x q$.
- (49) $\vdash \forall_x \neg\neg p \Rightarrow \forall_x p$ and $\vdash \forall_x p \Rightarrow \forall_x \neg\neg p$.
- (50) $\vdash \forall_x \neg\neg p \Leftrightarrow \forall_x p$.
- (51) $\vdash \exists_x \neg\neg p \Rightarrow \exists_x p$ and $\vdash \exists_x p \Rightarrow \exists_x \neg\neg p$.
- (52) $\vdash \exists_x \neg\neg p \Leftrightarrow \exists_x p$.

⁴ The proposition (33) has been removed.

- (53) $\vdash \neg \exists_x \neg p \Rightarrow \forall_x p$ and $\vdash \forall_x p \Rightarrow \neg \exists_x \neg p$.
- (54) $\vdash \neg \exists_x \neg p \Leftrightarrow \forall_x p$.
- (55) $\vdash \neg \forall_x p \Rightarrow \exists_x \neg p$ and $\vdash \exists_x \neg p \Rightarrow \neg \forall_x p$.
- (56) $\vdash \neg \forall_x p \Leftrightarrow \exists_x \neg p$.
- (57) $\vdash \neg \exists_x p \Rightarrow \forall_x \neg p$ and $\vdash \forall_x \neg p \Rightarrow \neg \exists_x p$.
- (58) $\vdash \forall_x \neg p \Leftrightarrow \neg \exists_x p$.
- (59) $\vdash \forall_x \forall_y p \Rightarrow \forall_y \forall_x p$ and $\vdash \forall_{x,y} p \Rightarrow \forall_{y,x} p$.
- (60) If $p = h(x)$ and $q = h(y)$ and $y \notin \text{snb}(h)$, then $\vdash \forall_x \forall_y q \Rightarrow \forall_x p$.
- (61) $\vdash \exists_x \exists_y p \Rightarrow \exists_y \exists_x p$ and $\vdash \exists_{x,y} p \Rightarrow \exists_{y,x} p$.
- (62) If $p = h(x)$ and $q = h(y)$ and $y \notin \text{snb}(h)$, then $\vdash \exists_x p \Rightarrow \exists_{x,y} q$.
- (63) $\vdash \exists_x \forall_y p \Rightarrow \forall_y \exists_x p$.
- (64) $\vdash \exists_x(p \Leftrightarrow p)$.
- (65) $\vdash \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow (\forall_x p \Rightarrow \exists_x q)$ and $\vdash (\forall_x p \Rightarrow \exists_x q) \Rightarrow \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (66) $\vdash \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q) \Leftrightarrow (\forall_x p \Rightarrow \exists_x q)$.
- (67) $\vdash \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q) \text{ iff } \vdash \forall_x p \Rightarrow \exists_x q$.
- (68) $\vdash \forall_x(p \wedge q) \Rightarrow p \wedge \forall_x q$.
- (69) $\vdash \forall_x(p \wedge q) \Rightarrow \forall_x p \wedge q$.
- (70) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash p \wedge \forall_x q \Rightarrow \forall_x(p \wedge q)$.
- (71) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$ and $\vdash p \wedge \forall_x q$, then $\vdash \forall_x(p \wedge q)$.
- (72) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash p \vee \forall_x q \Rightarrow \forall_x(p \vee q)$ and $\vdash \forall_x(p \vee q) \Rightarrow p \vee \forall_x q$.
- (73) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash p \vee \forall_x q \Leftrightarrow \forall_x(p \vee q)$.
- (74) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash p \vee \forall_x q \text{ iff } \vdash \forall_x(p \vee q)$.
- (75) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash p \wedge \exists_x q \Rightarrow \exists_x(p \wedge q)$ and $\vdash \exists_x(p \wedge q) \Rightarrow p \wedge \exists_x q$.
- (76) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash p \wedge \exists_x q \Leftrightarrow \exists_x(p \wedge q)$.
- (77) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash p \wedge \exists_x q \text{ iff } \vdash \exists_x(p \wedge q)$.
- (78) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow (p \Rightarrow \forall_x q)$ and $\vdash (p \Rightarrow \forall_x q) \Rightarrow \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (79) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash (p \Rightarrow \forall_x q) \Leftrightarrow \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (80) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q) \text{ iff } \vdash p \Rightarrow \forall_x q$.
- (81) If $x \notin \text{snb}(q)$, then $\vdash \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow (\forall_x p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (82) $\vdash (\forall_x p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (83) If $x \notin \text{snb}(q)$, then $\vdash \forall_x p \Rightarrow q$ iff $\vdash \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (84) If $x \notin \text{snb}(q)$, then $\vdash (\exists_x p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q)$ and $\vdash \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow (\exists_x p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (85) If $x \notin \text{snb}(q)$, then $\vdash (\exists_x p \Rightarrow q) \Leftrightarrow \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (86) If $x \notin \text{snb}(q)$, then $\vdash \exists_x p \Rightarrow q$ iff $\vdash \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q)$.

- (87) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow (p \Rightarrow \exists_x q)$.
- (88) $\vdash (p \Rightarrow \exists_x q) \Rightarrow \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (89) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash (p \Rightarrow \exists_x q) \Leftrightarrow \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (90) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $\vdash p \Rightarrow \exists_x q$ iff $\vdash \exists_x(p \Rightarrow q)$.
- (91) $\{p\} \vdash p$.
- (92) $\text{Cn}(\{p\} \cup \{q\}) = \text{Cn}\{p \wedge q\}$.
- (93) $\{p, q\} \vdash r$ iff $\{p \wedge q\} \vdash r$.
- (94) If $X \vdash p$, then $X \vdash \forall_x p$.
- (95) If $x \notin \text{snb}(p)$, then $X \vdash \forall_x(p \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow (p \Rightarrow \forall_x q)$.
- (96) If F is closed and $X \cup \{F\} \vdash G$, then $X \vdash F \Rightarrow G$.

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