

Affine Localizations of Desargues Axiom¹

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Summary. Several affine localizations of Major Desargues Axiom together with its indirect forms are introduced. Logical relationships between these formulas and between them and the classical Desargues Axiom are demonstrated.

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The articles [1], [3], [4], and [2] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

We follow the rules: A_1 denotes an affine plane, $a, a', b, b', c, c', o, p, q$ denote elements of A_1 , and A, C, P denote subsets of A_1 .

Let us consider A_1 . We say that A_1 satisfies **DES1** if and only if the condition (Def. 1) is satisfied.

(Def. 1) Let given $A, P, C, o, a, a', b, b', c, c', p, q$. Suppose that A is a line and P is a line and C is a line and $P \neq A$ and $P \neq C$ and $A \neq C$ and $o \in A$ and $a \in A$ and $a' \in A$ and $o \in P$ and $b \in P$ and $b' \in P$ and $o \in C$ and $c \in C$ and $c' \in C$ and $o \neq a$ and $o \neq b$ and $o \neq c$ and $p \neq q$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b, a, c)$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b', a', c')$ and $a \neq a'$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, a, p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', a', p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, c, q)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', c', q)$ and $a, c \nparallel a', c'$. Then $a, c \nparallel p, q$.

We introduce A_1 satisfies **DES1** as a synonym of A_1 satisfies **DES1**.

Let us consider A_1 . We say that A_1 satisfies **DES1₁** if and only if the condition (Def. 2) is satisfied.

(Def. 2) Let given $A, P, C, o, a, a', b, b', c, c', p, q$. Suppose that A is a line and P is a line and C is a line and $P \neq A$ and $P \neq C$ and $A \neq C$ and $o \in A$ and $a \in A$ and $a' \in A$ and $o \in P$ and $b \in P$ and $b' \in P$ and $o \in C$ and $c \in C$ and $c' \in C$ and $o \neq a$ and $o \neq b$ and $o \neq c$ and $p \neq q$ and $c \neq q$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b, a, c)$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b', a', c')$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, a, p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', a', p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, c, q)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', c', q)$ and $a, c \nparallel p, q$. Then $a, c \nparallel a', c'$.

We introduce A_1 satisfies **DES1₁** as a synonym of A_1 satisfies **DES1₁**.

Let us consider A_1 . We say that A_1 satisfies **DES1₂** if and only if the condition (Def. 3) is satisfied.

(Def. 3) Let given $A, P, C, o, a, a', b, b', c, c', p, q$. Suppose that A is a line and P is a line and C is a line and $P \neq A$ and $P \neq C$ and $A \neq C$ and $o \in A$ and $a \in A$ and $a' \in A$ and $o \in P$ and $b \in P$ and $b' \in P$ and $c \in C$ and $c' \in C$ and $o \neq a$ and $o \neq b$ and $o \neq c$ and $p \neq q$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b, a, c)$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b', a', c')$ and $c \neq c'$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, a, p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', a', p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, c, q)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', c', q)$ and $a, c \nparallel a', c'$ and $a, c \nparallel p, q$. Then $o \in C$.

We introduce A_1 satisfies **DES1₂** as a synonym of A_1 satisfies **DES1₂**.

Let us consider A_1 . We say that A_1 satisfies **DES1₃** if and only if the condition (Def. 4) is satisfied.

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(Def. 4) Let given $A, P, C, o, a, a', b, b', c, c', p, q$. Suppose that A is a line and P is a line and C is a line and $P \neq A$ and $P \neq C$ and $A \neq C$ and $o \in A$ and $a \in A$ and $a' \in A$ and $b \in P$ and $b' \in P$ and $o \in C$ and $c \in C$ and $c' \in C$ and $o \neq a$ and $o \neq b$ and $o \neq c$ and $p \neq q$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b, a, c)$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b', a', c')$ and $b \neq b'$ and $a \neq a'$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, a, p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', a', p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, c, q)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', c', q)$ and $a, c \nparallel a', c'$ and $a, c \nparallel p, q$. Then $o \in P$.

We introduce A_1 satisfies **DES1**₃ as a synonym of A_1 satisfies **DES1**₃.

Let us consider A_1 . We say that A_1 satisfies **DES2** if and only if the condition (Def. 5) is satisfied.

(Def. 5) Let given $A, P, C, a, a', b, b', c, c', p, q$. Suppose that A is a line and P is a line and C is a line and $A \neq P$ and $A \neq C$ and $P \neq C$ and $a \in A$ and $a' \in A$ and $b \in P$ and $b' \in P$ and $c \in C$ and $c' \in C$ and $A // P$ and $A // C$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b, a, c)$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b', a', c')$ and $p \neq q$ and $a \neq a'$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, a, p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', a', p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, c, q)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', c', q)$ and $a, c \nparallel a', c'$. Then $a, c \nparallel p, q$.

We introduce A_1 satisfies **DES2** as a synonym of A_1 satisfies **DES2**.

Let us consider A_1 . We say that A_1 satisfies **DES2**₁ if and only if the condition (Def. 6) is satisfied.

(Def. 6) Let given $A, P, C, a, a', b, b', c, c', p, q$. Suppose that A is a line and P is a line and C is a line and $A \neq P$ and $A \neq C$ and $P \neq C$ and $a \in A$ and $a' \in A$ and $b \in P$ and $b' \in P$ and $c \in C$ and $c' \in C$ and $A // P$ and $A // C$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b, a, c)$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b', a', c')$ and $p \neq q$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, a, p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', a', p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, c, q)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', c', q)$ and $a, c \nparallel a', c'$. Then $a, c \nparallel p, q$.

We introduce A_1 satisfies **DES2**₁ as a synonym of A_1 satisfies **DES2**₁.

Let us consider A_1 . We say that A_1 satisfies **DES2**₂ if and only if the condition (Def. 7) is satisfied.

(Def. 7) Let given $A, P, C, a, a', b, b', c, c', p, q$. Suppose that A is a line and P is a line and C is a line and $A \neq P$ and $A \neq C$ and $P \neq C$ and $a \in A$ and $a' \in A$ and $b \in P$ and $b' \in P$ and $c \in C$ and $c' \in C$ and $A // C$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b, a, c)$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b', a', c')$ and $p \neq q$ and $a \neq a'$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, a, p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', a', p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, c, q)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', c', q)$ and $a, c \nparallel a', c'$ and $a, c \nparallel p, q$. Then $A // P$.

We introduce A_1 satisfies **DES2**₂ as a synonym of A_1 satisfies **DES2**₂.

Let us consider A_1 . We say that A_1 satisfies **DES2**₃ if and only if the condition (Def. 8) is satisfied.

(Def. 8) Let given $A, P, C, a, a', b, b', c, c', p, q$. Suppose that A is a line and P is a line and C is a line and $A \neq P$ and $A \neq C$ and $P \neq C$ and $a \in A$ and $a' \in A$ and $b \in P$ and $b' \in P$ and $c \in C$ and $c' \in C$ and $A // P$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b, a, c)$ and not $\mathbf{L}(b', a', c')$ and $p \neq q$ and $c \neq c'$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, a, p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', a', p)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b, c, q)$ and $\mathbf{L}(b', c', q)$ and $a, c \nparallel a', c'$ and $a, c \nparallel p, q$. Then $A // C$.

We introduce A_1 satisfies **DES2**₃ as a synonym of A_1 satisfies **DES2**₃.

Next we state a number of propositions:

- (9)¹ If A_1 satisfies **DES1**, then A_1 satisfies **DES1**₁.
- (10) If A_1 satisfies **DES1**₁, then A_1 satisfies **DES1**.
- (11) If A_1 satisfies **DES**, then A_1 satisfies **DES1**.
- (12) If A_1 satisfies **DES**, then A_1 satisfies **DES1**₂.
- (13) If A_1 satisfies **DES1**₂, then A_1 satisfies **DES1**₃.
- (14) If A_1 satisfies **DES1**₂, then A_1 satisfies **DES**.
- (15) If A_1 satisfies **DES2**₁, then A_1 satisfies **DES2**.
- (16) A_1 satisfies **DES2**₁ iff A_1 satisfies **DES2**₃.
- (17) A_1 satisfies **DES2** iff A_1 satisfies **DES2**₂.
- (18) If A_1 satisfies **DES1**₃, then A_1 satisfies **DES2**₁.

¹ The propositions (1)–(8) have been removed.

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